FinEx Physically Backed Funds ICAV

A Retail Investor Alternative Investment Fund

An open-ended Irish collective asset management vehicle which is constituted as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between sub-funds and with variable capital.

The ICAV was registered under the laws of Ireland with registered number C108592

PROSPECTUS

This Prospectus is dated 25 January 2024

The Directors of FinEx Physically Backed Funds ICAV whose names appear in the "Directors of the ICAV" section below accept responsibility for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure such is the case) the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

The value of and income from Shares in the ICAV may go up or down and you may not get back the amount you have invested in the ICAV. Before investing in the ICAV you should consider the risks involved in such investment. Please see the "Risk Factors" section below.

A Redemption Fee not exceeding 3% of the Net Asset Value per Share may be charged by the ICAV as described in 'Redemption of Shares'. Details of such a Redemption Charge (if any) will be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund. The difference at any one time between the sale and redemption price of Shares in the ICAV means that the investment should be viewed as medium to long term.

You should consult your stockbroker or financial adviser about the contents of this Prospectus. Prices of Shares in the ICAV may fall as well as rise.

Distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of Shares may be restricted in certain jurisdictions. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or the person receiving the offer or solicitation may not lawfully so receive it. It is the responsibility of any person in possession of this Prospectus and of any person wishing to apply for Shares to inform themselves of and to observe all applicable laws and regulations of the countries of his nationality, residence, ordinary residence or domicile.

The ICAV has segregated liability between its Funds and accordingly any liability incurred on behalf of or attributable to any Fund shall be discharged solely out of the assets of that Fund. Shares representing interests in different Funds may be issued from time to time by the Directors. Shares of more than one Class may be issued in relation to a Fund. All Shares of each Class will rank pari passu save as provided for in the relevant Supplement. On the introduction of any new Fund (for which prior Central Bank approval is required) or any new Class of Shares (which must be issued in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank), the ICAV will prepare and the Directors will issue a Supplement setting out the relevant details of each such Fund or new Class of Shares. A separate portfolio of assets will be maintained for each Fund (and accordingly not for each Class of Shares) and will be invested in accordance with the investment objective and policy applicable to such Fund. Particulars relating to individual Funds and the Classes of Shares available therein are set out in the relevant Supplement.

The ICAV is a Retail Investor AIF, a category of non-UCITS Collective Investment Scheme authorised by the Central Bank pursuant to Chapter 1 of the AIF Rulebook and registered as an open-ended Irish collective asset management vehicle which is constituted as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between sub-funds pursuant to Part 2, Chapter 1 of the Act. Such authorisation is not an endorsement or guarantee of the ICAV by the Central Bank nor is the Central Bank responsible for the contents of this Prospectus. In addition, the Central Bank shall not be liable by virtue of its authorisation of the ICAV or by reason of the exercise of the functions conferred on it by legislation in relation to the ICAV for any default of the ICAV. Authorisation of the ICAV does not constitute a warranty by the Central Bank as to the creditworthiness or financial standing of the various parties connected with the ICAV.

Where provided for in the relevant Supplement, a key information document in respect of the relevant Fund will be made available for distribution from the stockbroker or financial adviser to a retail investor (as defined in MIFID II) within the EEA in advance of a subscription by such a retail investor located within the EEA in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1286/2014 on key information for packaged retail and insurance – based investment products (**PRIIPs**).

The Shares of each Fund may be listed on one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges and if so listed shall be fully transferable by Shareholders. It is envisaged that Shares will be bought and sold by retail and institutional investors and professional traders in the secondary market like the ordinary shares of a listed company. However, ICAV cannot guarantee that a liquid secondary market will develop in relation to the Shares of any particular Fund.

Where the value of the Shares quoted on the secondary market significantly differs or varies from the current Net Asset Value per Share, investors who hold their shares through a secondary market will be permitted, subject to their liaising with the Administrator and complying with any necessary anti-money laundering checks requested by the Administrator, to redeem their shareholding directly from the ICAV.

For example, this may apply in cases of market disruption such as the absence of a market maker. In such situations, information will be communicated to the regulated market indicating that the ICAV is open for direct redemptions from the ICAV. Such secondary market investors should refer to Section 10 – entitled "Share Dealing" of the Prospectus for details on how to process such redemption requests. Only the actual costs of providing this facility (i.e. those costs associated with liquidating any underlying positions) will be charged to such secondary market investors and in any event, the fees in respect of any such redemptions shall not be excessive.

This Prospectus may not be used for the purpose of an offer or solicitation in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful or not authorised. In particular, the Shares have not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (as amended) and may not, except in a transaction which does not violate United States securities laws, be directly or indirectly offered or sold in the United States or to any United States Person. The ICAV will not be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940 (as amended).

The ICAV has been registered for sale in the Netherlands with the Authority for the Financial Markets. Due to the ICAV's registration for sale in the Netherlands, notice for any general meetings of the ICAV or a Fund shall be published 14 days in advance of the holding of any such meeting in a daily Dutch national newspaper. The Directors confirm that the Prospectus complies with the Dutch Act on Financial Supervision ("Wet op het financieel toezicht").

The Instrument of the ICAV gives powers to the Directors to impose restrictions on the holding of Shares by (and consequently to redeem Shares held by) or the transfer of Shares to any United States Persons (unless permitted under certain exceptions under the laws of the United States) or by any person who appears to be in breach of any law or requirement of any country or government authority or by virtue of which such person is not qualified to hold such Shares or by any person or persons in circumstances (whether directly or indirectly affecting such person or persons, and whether taken alone or in conjunction with any other person or persons, connected or not, or any other circumstances appearing to the Directors to be relevant) which, in the opinion of the Directors, might result in the ICAV, the relevant Fund or Shareholders as a whole incurring any liability to taxation or suffering any pecuniary or material administrative disadvantages or being in breach of any law or regulation which the ICAV, the relevant Fund or Shareholders as a whole might not otherwise have incurred, suffered or breached. The Instrument also permits the Directors where necessary to redeem and cancel Shares held by a person who is or is deemed to be Irish Resident on the occurrence of a chargeable event for Irish taxation purposes.

Potential subscribers and purchasers of Shares should inform themselves as to (a) the possible tax consequences, (b) the legal requirements, (c) any foreign exchange restrictions or exchange control requirements and (d) any other requisite governmental or other consents or formalities which they might encounter under the laws of the countries of their incorporation, citizenship, residence or domicile and which might be relevant to the subscription, purchase, holding or disposal of Shares.

Any information given, or representations made, by any dealer, salesman or other person not contained in this Prospectus or in any reports and accounts of the ICAV forming part hereof must be regarded as unauthorised and accordingly must not be relied upon. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offer, issue or sale of Shares shall under any circumstances constitute a representation that the information contained in this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this Prospectus. This Prospectus may from time to time be updated and intending subscribers should enquire of the Administrator as to the issue of any later Prospectus or as to the issue of any reports and accounts of the ICAV.

All Shareholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of the provisions of the Instrument of the ICAV, copies of which are available as mentioned herein.

2 DIRECTORY

FinEx Physically Backed Funds ICAV

Registered Office

35 Shelbourne Road Ballsbridge Dublin 4 Ireland

Directors of the ICAV

Simon Luhr Jeremy O'Sullivan Tom Murray

Investment Manager

Sanarus Investment Management LLP 2nd Floor, 25 Green Street London W1K 7AX United Kingdom

Administrator

Citibank Europe plc 1 North Wall Quay Dublin 1 Ireland

Irish Legal Advisors to the ICAV

A&L Goodbody LLP 3 Dublin Landings North Wall Quay Dublin 1, D01 C4E0

Listing Sponsor to the ICAV

Maples and Calder 75 St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 Ireland

Secretary

Clifton Fund Consulting Limited (T/A Waystone) 35 Shelbourne Road Ballsbridge Dublin 4 Ireland

AIFM

Waystone Management Company (IE) Limited 35 Shelbourne Road 4th Floor Ballsbridge Dublin 4

Distributor

FinEx ETF Limited c/o Trident Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Fourth Floor One Capital Place P.O. Box 847 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

Depositary

Citi Depositary Services Ireland Designated Activity Company 1 North Wall Quay Dublin 1

Auditors of the ICAV

Grant Thornton 13-18 City Quay Dublin 2 D02 ED70 Ireland

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3 DEFINITIONS

"Accounting Period" means a calendar year ending 30 September or such other date as the

Directors may from time to time decide.

"Act" means the Irish Collective Asset-Management Vehicles Act 2015 (No. 2 of

2015), as amended and as may be further amended, supplemented, replaced or re-enacted from time to time and includes any regulations made thereunder by ministerial order and any conditions that may be imposed from time to time thereunder by the Central Bank whether by notice or otherwise affecting the

ICAV.

"Administration Agreement" means the amended and restated administration agreement dated 3 August

2021, between the AIFM, the ICAV, the Administrator and the Distributor, as may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in

accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank.

"Administrator" means Citibank Europe plc or any successor thereto duly appointed and each

Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank as the

administrator to the ICAV.

"AIF" means an alternative investment fund as defined in the AIFM Regulations.

"AIFMD" means the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (Directive

2011/61/EU) as may be amended, supplemented or replaced and including

any implementing regulations issued in respect thereof.

"AIFM" means Waystone Management Company (IE) Limited or any successor

thereto duly appointed in accordance with the requirements of the Central

Bank.

"AIFM Agreement" means the management agreement between the ICAV and the AIFM dated 3

August 2021 as substituted, amended, supplemented, novated or otherwise amended from time to time in accordance with the requirements of the Central

Bank.

"AIFM Regulations" means the European Communities (Alternative Investment Fund Managers

Directive) Regulations 2013 (S.I. 257 of 2013), as may be amended from time

to time.

"AIF Rulebook" means the Central Bank's AIF Rulebook, as amended, consolidated or

substituted from time to time.

"Anti-Dilution Levy" means a provision for market spreads (the difference between the prices at

which assets are valued and/or bought or sold) and other dealing costs relating to the acquisition or disposal of Fund Assets in the event of receipt for processing of net subscription or net redemption requests, including subscriptions and/or redemptions which would be effected as a result of

requests for exchange from one Class to another Class.

"Application Form" means the application form for subscriptions for Shares in the ICAV.

"Approved Counterparty" means such entity selected by the ICAV as may be described in the relevant

Supplement, provided always that the relevant entity is, in relation to OTC derivatives, one falling within a category permitted by the Central Bank's

notices.

"Authorised Participant" means an entity or person authorised by the ICAV for the purposes of

subscribing for and redeeming Shares with a Fund and as shall be listed on

the Website.

"Base Currency" means in relation to any Fund such currency as specified in the Supplement

for the relevant Fund.

"Basket" means the minimum amount of shares for subscriptions and redemptions as

set out in the Supplement for each relevant Fund.

"Business Day" means a day on which banks are open for business in such jurisdictions and

cities specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund or such other day(s)

as the Directors may determine in relation to each Fund.

"Central Bank" means the Central Bank of Ireland or any successor regulatory authority with

responsibility for authorising and supervising the ICAV.

"Central Securities Depositary" means a recognised clearing system which is a national settlement system

for individual national markets. For Funds that issue Shares through an ICSD,

Central Securities Depositaries would be participants in an ICSD.

"Clearing Agent" means any entity affiliated with one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges and

which facilitates the validation, delivery and settlement of transactions in the

ICAV's Shares.

"Connected Person" means the persons defined as such in the section headed "Portfolio

Transactions and Conflicts of Interest".

"Common Depositary" means Citibank Europe plc, being the entity nominated by the relevant

International Central Securities Depositary, or such other entity as may be nominated from time to time, to hold the Global Share Certificate in respect of

the Shares in the Funds.

"Common Depositary's Nominee" means Citivic Nominees Limited, the nominee of the Common Depositary,

or such other entity as may be appointed from time to time, which will be the

sole registered holder of all Shares in each Fund.

"CRS" means the Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information

approved on 15 July 2014 by the Council of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, also known as the Common Reporting Standard, and any bilateral or multilateral competent authority agreements, intergovernmental agreements and treaties, laws, regulations, official guidance or other instrument facilitating the implementation thereof and any law implementing the Common Reporting Standard including Council Directive 2014/107/EU on Administrative Cooperation in the Field of Taxation

("DAC II").

"Data Protection Legislation" means from 25 May 2018 onwards, the EU data protection regime introduced

by the General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation 2016/679).

"Dealing Day" means in respect of each Fund such Business Day or Business Days as the

Directors may, from time to time, determine and as are specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund (and which shall be at least monthly).

"Dealing Deadline" means in relation to applications for subscription, redemption or conversion of

Shares in a Fund, the day and time specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund provided that once the Valuation Point of a Fund has passed.

the ICAV will not accept any late applications.

"Dealing Form"

means the dealing form to be completed in respect of subsequent subscriptions and all redemptions of Shares.

"Depositary"

means Citi Depositary Services Ireland Designated Activity Company or successor thereto duly appointed with the prior approval of the Central Bank as the depositary of the ICAV.

"Depositary Agreement"

means the amended and restated depositary agreement dated 3 August 2021, between the AIFM, the ICAV, the Depositary and the Distributor, as may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank.

"Directors"

means the directors of the ICAV.

"Distribution Date"

means in respect of each Fund such date (if any) as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund on which dividends are declared.

"Distribution Payment Date"

means in respect of each Fund such date (if any) as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund on which dividends shall be paid.

"Distributor"

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means FinEx ETF Limited or any other person or persons for the time being appointed as a distributor in addition to or in succession to FinEx ETF Limited. means the European Economic Area (Member States, Iceland, Norway, and Liechtenstein).

"ESMA"

"EEA"

means the European Securities and Markets Authority.

"ESMA Remuneration Guidelines"

means the Guidelines on sound remuneration policies under the AIFMD (ESMA/2013/232) as amended from time to time.

"Euro, "EUR" or "€"

means the lawful currency of the European Monetary Union Member States.

"Euronext Dublin"

means The Irish Stock Exchange plc trading as Euronext Dublin.

"Exempt Irish Investor"

means

(a) a qualifying management company within the meaning of section 739B(1) TCA;

- (b) a specified company within the meaning of section 734(1) TCA;
- (c) an investment undertaking within the meaning of section 739B(1) TCA;
- (d) an investment limited partnership within the meaning of section 739J TCA;
- (e) a pension scheme which is an exempt approved scheme within the meaning of section 774 TCA, or a retirement annuity contract or a trust scheme to which section 784 or 785 TCA applies;
- (f) a company carrying on life business within the meaning of section 706 TCA;
- (g) a special investment scheme within the meaning of section 737 TCA;
- (h) a unit trust to which section 731(5)(a) TCA applies;
- (i) a charity being a person referred to in section 739D(6)(f)(i) TCA;

- a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax by virtue of section 784A(2) TCA and the Shares held are assets of an approved retirement fund or an approved minimum retirement fund;
- (k) a qualifying fund manager within the meaning of section 784A TCA or a qualifying savings manager within the meaning of section 848B TCA, in respect of Shares which are assets of a special savings incentive account within the meaning of section 848C TCA;
- (I) a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax by virtue of section 787I TCA and the Shares held are assets of a personal retirement savings account as defined in section 787A TCA;
- (m) the National Pensions Reserve Fund Commission;
- (n) a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax or capital gains by virtue of section 787AC TCA the units held are assets of a PEPP (within the meaning of chapter 2D of part 30);
- (o) the National Treasury Management Agency or a Fund investment vehicle within the meaning given by section 739D(6)(kb) TCA;
- (p) the Motor Insurers' Bureau of Ireland in respect of an investment made by it of moneys paid to the Motor Insurers Insolvency Compensation Fund under the Insurance Act 1964 (amended by the Insurance Amendment Act 2018):
- (q) the Courts Service;
- (r) a credit union within the meaning of section 2 of the Credit Union Act 1997:
- (s) an Irish resident company, within the charge to corporation tax under Section 739G(2) TCA, but only where the fund is a money market fund;
- (t) a company which is within the charge to corporation tax in accordance with section 110(2) TCA in respect of payments made to it by the ICAV; and
- (u) any other person as may be approved by the Directors from time to time provided the holding of Shares by such person does not result in a potential liability to tax arising to the ICAV in respect of that Shareholder under Part 27, Chapter 1A TCA;

and where necessary the ICAV is in possession of a Relevant Declaration in respect of that Shareholder and the ICAV is not in possession of any information that would reasonable suggest that such declaration is incorrect or has at any time been incorrect.

means (a) sections 1471 to 1474 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any associated regulations or other official guidance; (a) any intergovernmental agreement, treaty, regulation, guidance or other agreement between the Government of Ireland (or any Irish government body) and the US, UK or any other jurisdiction (including any government bodies in such jurisdiction), entered into in order to comply with, facilitate, supplement,

"FATCA"

implement or give effect to the legislation, regulations or guidance described in paragraph (a) above; and (b) any legislation, regulations or guidance in Ireland that give effect to the matters outlined in the preceding paragraphs.

"Fund"

means a separate portfolio of assets which is invested in accordance with the investment objective and policies as set out in the relevant Supplement and to which all liabilities, income and expenditure attributable or allocated to such Fund shall be applied and charged and Funds means all or some of the Funds as the context requires or any other Funds as may be established by the ICAV from time to time with the prior approval of the Central Bank.

"Fund Assets"

means the physical assets, cash, securities, financial derivative instruments and/or other financial instruments invested in by a Fund and cash held by the Fund as further described in the relevant Supplement.

"GBP" or "Sterling"

means the lawful currency of the United Kingdom or any successor currency.

"Global Share Certificate"

means the certificates issued in the name of the ICAV (as described in further detail under "Form of the Shares and Register") issued by the ICAV to the Common Depository (or its nominee) for the Funds.

"Global Supplement"

means a Supplement the sole purpose of which is to list the Funds of the ICAV currently approved by the Central Bank.

"ICAV"

means the Irish collective asset-management vehicle whose name appears in the heading to this Prospectus.

"Initial Issue Price"

means the price (excluding any Preliminary Charge) per Share at which Shares are initially offered in a Fund during the Initial Offer Period as specified (if relevant) in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Initial Offer Period"

means the period during which Shares in a Fund are initially offered at the Initial Issue Price specified (if relevant) in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Instrument"

means the instrument of incorporation of the ICAV as may be amended from time to time.

"International Central Securities

Depositary" or "ICSD"

means an international Central Securities Depositary being currently Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and Clearstream Banking S.A., Luxembourg and any successor entities thereto.

"Investment Management

Agreement"

means the investment management agreement dated 2 February 2022, between the AIFM, the ICAV, the Investment Manager and the Distributor as may be further amended or supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank

"Investment Manager"

means Sanarus Investment Management LLP or any other person or persons for the time being duly appointed investment hereof in addition to or in succession to the said Sanarus Investment Management LLP in accordance with requirements of the Central Bank.

"Investor Money Regulations" means the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) Investor Money Regulations 2015 for Fund Service Providers, as may be amended from time to time.

"Irish Resident"

means any person resident in Ireland or ordinarily resident in Ireland (as

described in the Taxation section of the Prospectus) other than an Exempt Irish Investor.

"Irish Tax Authorities"

means the Irish Revenue Commissioners.

"Level 2 Regulation"

means Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 231/2013 as may be amended from time to time.

"Market Disruption Event"

means the occurrence or existence of one or more of the following events, which occur in relation to any Fund Asset (or to a component of such Fund Asset or any derivative contract related thereto ("Affected Instrument") and this definition is to be construed accordingly):

- it is not possible to obtain a prompt or accurate price or value (or an element of such price or value) of any Affected Instrument according to the rules or normal accepted procedures for the determination of such price or value (whether due to the non-publication of such price or value or otherwise);
- (ii) the calculation of the price or value of any Affected Instrument is, at the relevant time, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, impractical or impossible to make;
- (iii) there is a reduction in liquidity in any Affected Instrument in the determination of the Investment Manager;
- (iv) any suspension of or limitation is imposed on trading on any exchanges, quotation systems or "over-the-counter" market where any Affected Instrument is traded; and/or there exists an event or circumstance that prevents or materially limits transactions in any Affected Instrument. For the purpose of this definition, a limitation on the hours and number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange, provided however that where a limitation on trading imposed during the course of the day by reason of movements in price otherwise exceeding levels permitted by the relevant exchange may, if so determined by the Investment Manager and agreed to by the Directors constitute a Market Disruption Event:
- (v) where the Affected Instrument is not traded on any exchange, quotation system or other similar system, the Investment Manager is unable to obtain (a) from dealers in the Affected Instrument firm quotations in respect thereof or (b) a subscription or a redemption price of any Affected Instrument according to the rules or normal accepted procedures for such Affected Instrument;
- (vi) the occurrence of any event that generally makes it impossible or impractical to convert any currency which was, immediately prior to the occurrence of such event, a foreign exchange currency, as determined by the Investment Manager;
- (vii) the occurrence of any event that generally makes it impossible or impractical to convert between the currency of the country of issue and/or country of payment of any Affected Instrument and the Base Currency through customary legal channels, as determined by the Investment Manager;
- (viii) the occurrence of any event that generally makes it impossible or

impractical to deliver or transfer (a) the currency from accounts inside the country of issue and/or country of payment of any Affected Instrument to accounts outside such country of issue and/or country of payment or (b) the currency of the country of issue and/or country of payment of any Affected Instrument between accounts inside such country of issue and/or country of payment, or to a party that is a non-resident of the country of issue and/or country of payment, as determined by the Investment Manager;

(ix) a general moratorium is declared in respect of banking activities in London, Dublin, New York, or TARGET; and/or further Market Disruption Events may apply in respect of a specific Fund and in such instance, additional details shall be included in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Market Makers"

means financial institutions that have signed a market making contract with the ICAV or that are registered as such with the Relevant Stock Exchanges as may be described in the relevant Supplement.

"Member State"

means a member state of the European Union.

"Minimum Additional Investment Amount"

means such amount (if any) as the Directors may from time to time prescribe as the minimum additional amount of subscription by each Shareholder for Shares of the relevant class in a Fund as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Minimum Initial Investment Amount"

means such amount (if any) as the Directors may from time to time prescribe as the minimum initial subscription required by each Shareholder for Shares of the relevant class in a Fund as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Minimum Shareholding"

means such number or value of Shares per Shareholder of the relevant class (if any) as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"month"

means calendar month.

"Net Asset Value or Net Asset

Value per Share"

means in respect of the assets of a Fund the amount determined in accordance with the principles set out in the heading "Calculation of Net Asset Value" section below as the Net Asset Value of a Fund or the Net Asset Value per Share.

"Non-Voting Shares"

means any particular Class of Shares that do not carry the right to notice of or to attend or vote at general meetings of the ICAV or the relevant Fund.

"OECD"

means the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

"OTC Derivative"

means an FDI which is dealt in an "over-the-counter" market.

"Person Closely Associated"

In relation to a Director, means:

- (a) a spouse, or a partner considered to be equivalent to a spouse in accordance with national law;
- (b) a dependent child, in accordance with national law;
- (c) a relative who has shared the same household for at least one year on the date of the transaction:
- (d) a legal person, trust or partnership, the managerial responsibilities of which are discharged by a person discharging managerial responsibilities or by a

person referred to in point (a), (b) or (c), which is directly or indirectly controlled by such a person, which is set up for the benefit of such a person, or the economic interests of which are substantially equivalent to those of such a person.

"Preliminary Charge"

means in respect of a Fund, the charge (if any) payable on the subscription for Shares as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Recognised Clearing and Settlement System"

means Deutsche Bank AG, Depositary and Clearing System, Central Moneymarkets Office; Clearstream Banking AG, Clearstream Banking SA, CREST, Depositary Trust Company of New York, Euroclear; Japan Securities Depositary Centre (JASDEC); Monte Titoli SPA; Netherlands Centraal Instituut voor Giraal Effectenverkeer BV; National Securities Clearing System, Russia's National Settlement Depositary (NSD), Sicovam SA, SIS Sega Intersettle AG; The Canadian Depository for Securities Ltd; VPC AB (Sweden) or any other system for clearing shares which is designated for the purposes of Chapter 1A in Part 27 of the TCA, by the Irish Tax Authorities as a recognised clearing system.

"Redemption Fee"

means in respect of a Fund, the charge (if any) payable on an application for the redemption of Shares as is specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Reference Asset"

means the basket of securities whose performance a Fund may aim to replicate, or track the performance of, pursuant to its investment objective and in accordance with its investment policies, as specified in the relevant Supplement.

"Registrar"

means the Administrator or such companies as may from time to time be appointed, with the responsibility in each case of providing registration services to the ICAV in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank.

"Relevant Declaration"

means the declaration relevant to the Shareholder as set out in Schedule 2B of the TCA.

"Relevant Institutions"

means credit institutions authorised in an EEA Member State or credit institutions authorised within a signatory state (other than an EEA Member State) to the Basle Capital Convergence Agreement of July 1988 (which includes the United Kingdom), or credit institutions authorised in Jersey, Guernsey, the Isle of Man, Australia or New Zealand.

"Relevant Stock Exchanges"

means markets on which the Shares of the Funds will be listed such as the Euronext Dublin, NYSE Euronext and/or such other stock exchanges as the Directors may determine from time to time.

"Rouble"

means the lawful currency of Russia.

"Settlement Date"

means in respect of receipt of monies for payment of subscription monies for subscription for Shares or dispatch of monies for the redemption of Shares the date specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"SFDR"

means regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, as amended and as may be further amended.

"Shares"

means participating shares in the ICAV representing interests in a Fund and includes, where the context so permits or requires any class of participating shares representing interests in a Fund.

"Shareholders" means holders of Shares, and each a "Shareholder".

"Subscriptions/Redemptions

Account"

means the account in the name of the ICAV through which subscription monies, redemption proceeds and dividend income (if any) for each Fund are channelled, the details of which are specified in the Application Form;

"Supplement" means the Supplements to this Prospectus issued on behalf of the ICAV in

connection with a Fund from time to time.

"Sustainability Risk" means in the context of the Fund(s) is an environmental, social or governance

event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment. The particular Sustainability Risks which apply to the Fund(s) are included in the Risk

Factors section.

"TCA" means the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997, as amended.

"United States" means the United States of America (including each of the states, the District

of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico), its territories,

possessions and all other areas subject to its jurisdiction.

"United States Person" means a citizen or resident of the United States, a partnership organised or

existing in the United States, a corporation organised under the laws of the United States or any estate or trust, other than an estate or trust the income of which comes from sources outside the United States (which is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States) and is not included in gross income for the purpose of computing

United States Federal income tax.

"US Dollars" or "US\$" means the lawful currency of the United States.

"Valuation Point" means the time on any Business Day by reference to which the Net Asset

Value of a Fund and the Net Asset Value per Shares are calculated, as is

specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

"Website" means www.FinExETF.com

4 INTRODUCTION

Details of the existing Funds are set-out in the relevant Supplement for each Fund. As the ICAV is structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between its Funds, further Funds may be created from time to time by the Directors with the prior approval of the Central Bank. A separate Fund will be maintained for each portfolio of assets and will be invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to such Fund. Each Fund may issue one or more classes of Shares, and each class of Shares in a Fund may have different charging structures (i.e. different management fees, distribution fees, Preliminary Charge, Redemption Charge in addition to different Basket sizes) and different Minimum Initial Investment Amounts, Minimum Additional Investment Amounts, Minimum Shareholding and Fund's Base Currency requirements. Information in relation to the fees applicable other classes of Shares are available on request. Further classes of Shares may be created from time to time by the Directors in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank. Particulars relating to individual Funds and the class or classes available therein are set out in a Supplement for the relevant Fund. The ICAV has segregated liability between its Funds and accordingly any liability incurred on behalf of or attributable to any Fund shall be discharged solely out of the assets of that Fund.

The Administrator may decline any application for Shares in whole or in part on the advice of the Directors without assigning any reason therefor and may not accept an initial subscription for Shares of any amount (exclusive of the Preliminary Charge, if any) which is less than the Minimum Initial Investment Amount for the relevant class in the relevant Fund.

A Preliminary Charge of up to 5 per cent of the Initial Issue Price (inclusive of VAT, if any) or as the case may be the Net Asset Value per Share (inclusive of VAT, if any) may be charged by the ICAV for payment to the Distributor, but it is the intention of the Directors that such Preliminary Charge should not, until further notice, exceed such amount as is set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund. The ICAV may waive in whole or in part any Preliminary Charge.

After the Initial Offer Period, Shares will be issued, redeemed and converted on the relevant Dealing Days for each Fund. All Shares will be issued, converted or redeemed, subject to the limitations set out in this Prospectus, generally at Net Asset Value. The Net Asset Value of the Shares of each class will be calculated in accordance with the provisions summarised under "Calculation of Net Asset Value" below.

All holders of Shares will be entitled to the benefit of, will be bound by and deemed to have notice of the provisions of the Instrument of the ICAV summarised under "General Information" below, copies of which are available as detailed under "Documents for Inspection" below.

Information in this summary is selective and should be read in conjunction with the full text of this Prospectus.

5 MANAGEMENT OF THE ICAV

The power of management of the ICAV and the ICAV's assets was vested in the Directors. The Directors control the affairs of the ICAV. The Directors have delegated certain functions to the AIFM and the Depositary.

The ICAV will ensure that its decision-making procedures and its organisational structure ensure the fair treatment of all Shareholders in the ICAV and equal treatment of all Shareholders of the same Class.

5.1 Directors of the ICAV

The Directors of the ICAV are described below:

(a) Simon Luhr

Mr. Simon Luhr is a partner of the Investment Manager. Mr. Luhr is a highly experienced investment banking and investment management professional having established a number of businesses over his 30 years in the business having expertise in identifying opportunities, establishing and managing business on a global scale. Mr. Luhr has been actively involved with the development of the global hedge fund industry, firstly from an investment bank perspective where he established and ran the international equities finance, delta one and prime brokerage businesses at both Morgan Stanley and Nomura later co-founding his own funds Marble Bar Asset Management LLP, SW1 Capital LP, FinEx Capital Management LLP and Sanarus Investment Management LLP.

(b) Jeremy O'Sullivan

Mr. Jeremy O'Sullivan CAIA, is an independent non-executive director with over 21 years' experience in the asset management and investment funds industry. He has excellent practical knowledge of asset servicing, international financial services, risk management, fund governance and compliance related matters.

In his previous role as executive director at one of Europe's largest Alternative Investment Fund Manager's and UCITS Management Company, where he spend 9 years, he regularly advised global asset managers, hedge funds, mutual funds, and other alternative investment structures with European structuring considerations. He was also responsible for identifying new market opportunities that contributed towards the development of new business lines and products and helped steer the business with regards compliance with regulatory and client requirements. He established and served as a permanent member of the company's internal investment management committee, risk committee, valuation committee and audit committee.

From 1999 – 2011 he held senior positions at BNY Mellon, Citi (formerly BISYS) and HSBC Securities Services.

Mr O'Sullivan is a Chartered Alternative Investment Analyst and holds a Bachelor of Science Degree in Finance from University College Cork.

(c) **Tom Murray**

Mr. Tom Murray is an independent Irish resident director and serves on the boards of several UCITS, AIFs and asset management companies. Mr Murray graduated in Commerce from University College Dublin in 1976 and qualified as a Chartered Accountant with Coopers & Lybrand in 1980, specialising in computer audit techniques. He was CFO of Wang International Finance Ltd (1982-1987), a founding director of Gandon Securities Ltd in 1988 and a Director of Treasury in Investec Ireland (1999-2003). Latterly he was a director of Merrion Corporate Finance Ltd (2004-2008) and since then he has acted as a full time independent non-executive director and consultant to the asset management industry.

No Director has:

(i) any unspent convictions in relation to indictable offences; or

- (ii) been bankrupt or the subject of an involuntary arrangement, or has had a receiver appointed to any asset of such Director; or
- (iii) been a director of any company which, while he was a director with an executive function or within 12 months after he ceased to be a director with an executive function, had a receiver appointed or went into compulsory liquidation, creditors voluntary liquidation, administration or company voluntary arrangements, or made any composition or arrangements with its creditors generally or with any class of its creditors; or
- (iv) been a partner of any partnership, which while he was a partner or within 12 months after he ceased to be a partner, went into compulsory liquidation, administration or partnership voluntary arrangement, or had a receiver appointed to any partnership asset;
- (v) had any public criticism by statutory or regulatory authorities (including recognised professional bodies); or
- (vi) been disqualified by a court from acting as a director or from acting in the management or conduct of affairs of any company.

For the purposes of this Prospectus, the address of all the Directors is the registered office of the ICAV.

In exercising their discretion, the Directors will act in accordance with their fiduciary duties to the ICAV, which require them to, among other things, act in good faith in what they consider is in the best interests of the ICAV (which equates to the interests of the Shareholders as a whole). Their fiduciary duties require the Directors to ensure that their actions do not result in the unfair treatment of Shareholders.

5.2 AIFM

The ICAV has appointed Waystone Management Company (IE) Limited as its alternative investment fund manager pursuant to the AIFM Agreement.

The AIFM is authorised and regulated as an alternative investment fund manager under the Regulations to provide portfolio management, risk management, marketing and other activities listed in paragraph 2(c) of Schedule 1 to the Regulations and has the necessary permissions to manage an Irish domiciled alternative investment fund.

The AIFM was incorporated in Ireland on August 7, 2012. It is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Waystone (Ireland) Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in Ireland.

The AIFM is part of Waystone group (Waystone). Waystone is the worldwide leader in fund governance, risk and compliance services, servicing leading investment funds and managers with assets under management exceeding US\$2Tn. Waystone is a global institutional firm that excels in delivering high-quality services across a diverse range of investment fund structures and strategies. Head quartered in Dublin, Waystone also has offices in Cashel, Cayman, London, Luxembourg, Hong Kong, Singapore, and New York. The Waystone group has seen significant expansion beyond its initial focus of provision of independent directors to Cayman domiciled hedge funds to offering a full suite of complementary services to hedge fund clients. Expanded services include risk and regulatory reporting, Cayman compliance services, investment management, corporate services, banking and trust services.

Remuneration Policies and Procedures of the AIFM

The AIFM has established, implemented and maintains a remuneration policy which meets the requirements of, and complies with the principles set out in Schedule 2 of the AIFMD Regulations

and the Remuneration Guidelines.

The AIFM's remuneration policy applies to staff whose professional activities might have a material impact on ICAV's risk profile and so covers senior management, risk takers, control functions and any employees receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as senior management and risk takers and whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the ICAV. The AIFM's remuneration policy is accordingly consistent with, and promotes, sound and effective risk management and does not encourage risk-taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile of the ICAV.

Consistent with the principle of proportionality referred to in Part VII of the Remuneration Guidelines the payout process requirements in the Remuneration Guidelines have been disapplied in the AIFM's remuneration policies. This disapplication has been made following assessment by the AIFM of each of the payout process requirements and takes account of specific facts applicable to the AIFM and is appropriate to the AIFM's size, internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities. The AIFM has established a Remuneration Committee to oversee its remuneration policies and practices.

Any delegate of the AIFM must have remuneration policies and practices in place for their staff consistent with the requirements of the Remuneration Guidelines and Schedule 2 of the AIFMD Regulations.

Delegation by the AIFM

The AIFM must perform its duties under the AIFM Agreement in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner using a degree of skill, care and attention reasonably expected of a professional manager and in the best interests of the Shareholders. The AIFM has the discretion to delegate certain of the powers, duties and discretions exercisable in respect of its obligations under the AIFM Agreement as the AIFM and any delegate may from time to time agree. Any such appointment will be in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank.

The AIFM has delegated the administration of the ICAV's affairs, including responsibility for the preparation and maintenance of the ICAV's records and accounts and related fund accounting matters, the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share and the provision of registration services in respect of the Funds to the Administrator.

The AIFM has further delegated the investment management and distribution responsibilities in respect of the Funds to the Investment Manager.

The AIFM's main business is the provision of fund management services to collective investment schemes such as the ICAV. The AIFM is legally and operationally independent of the Administrator, the Depositary and the Investment Manager.

The directors of the AIFM are:

Tim Madigan (Irish Resident) (Independent). Mr. Madigan is Independent Non-Executive Chairperson for the AIFM. He is also Independent Non-Executive Chairperson for Waystone Management (UK) Limited. He serves as an independent non-executive director for a number of investment funds, both Irish-domiciled (UCITS and AIFs) and Luxembourg-domiciled (AIFs), as well as for an Irish cross-border life insurance company (where he also acts as chair of the Audit Committee). He was previously an independent non-executive director of a UK life insurance company (where he also acted as chair of the Risk and Compliance Committee). From 2010 to 2011 Mr. Madigan was finance director of Aviva Investment Management Europe, where he led the set-up of the finance function for Aviva Europe's Dublin based centre of excellence, established to manage treasury assets and investment management mandates. Prior to this, Mr. Madigan was managing director of cross-border life insurance company Aviva Life International from 2006 to 2010. Previously he was finance director for that company. In this role he chaired the Investment Committee as well as leading a strategic review of business in 2009 following the onset of the global

financial crisis. He holds a bachelor's degree in Business Studies (Finance) from the University of Limerick, is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and is a Certified Investment Fund Director. He served as an elected Council member of the Irish Fund Directors Association from 2016 to 2020.

Andrew Bates (Irish Resident) (Independent), Mr. Bates is an Independent Non-Executive Director for the AIFM as well as Chair of its Risk Committee. He currently serves as Chair and non-executive director for a number of Central Bank regulated operating companies and fund product vehicles. Mr. Bates was the Head of the Financial Services practice at Dillon Eustace LLP spending almost 30 years as a legal advisor, working with a wide variety of financial services companies and fund promoters on establishment and authorisation matters, product design contract negotiations, outsourcing, cross border passporting and on various interactions with regulators. Recognised as a leading lawyer in his practice areas by Chambers, by the IFLR 1000 and by the Legal 500, Mr. Bates has also previously serviced as a Council Member of Irish Funds for 3 years. Mr. Bates holds a Diploma in Company Direction from the Institute of Directors, as well as a Bachelor of Civil Law from University College Dublin.

Rachel Wheeler (UK Resident). Ms. Wheeler is CEO of Global Management Company Solutions at Waystone and Non-Executive Director for the AIFM. A leading asset management general counsel, Ms. Wheeler brings to Waystone over 20 years of experience in managing legal and regulatory risk and working with the corresponding regulatory bodies. At Waystone, Ms. Wheeler oversees its management companies and MiFID services globally, ensuring that a uniform, best-inclass operational process is applied to all entities within her remit. Ms. Wheeler plays a pivotal role in all operational and strategic matters and works closely with Waystone's leadership team on its growth strategy, including future acquisitions.

Ms. Wheeler joined Waystone from GAM Investments where she served as Group General Counsel and as a member of the Senior Leadership Team. Prior to this, Ms. Wheeler served as General Counsel at Aviva Investors where she was a member of the Executive Team. Ms. Wheeler has held senior positions in the legal teams of USS Investment Management, Bank of New York Mellon, Gartmore Investment Management and Merrill Lynch Investment Management. Ms. Wheeler began her career as a solicitor in corporate and financial services law at Simmons & Simmons. Ms. Wheeler has a postgraduate diploma in Law and Legal Practice Course from the College of Law, Guildford and a BA (Hons) in History from the University of Wales.

James Allis (Irish Resident). Mr. Allis serves as the European Fund Services Chief Operating Officer and is currently Executive Director for the AIFM. Mr. Allis has been active in the financial services industry since 2004. He joined Waystone in 2016 and has served for a time as the AIFM's CEO, Chief Operations Officer and prior to that, as the Designated Person responsible for Operational Risk Management. Mr. Allis has overseen a range of international investment management clients covering both AIFM and UCITS. His remits have covered product development, risk, valuation, due diligence, and audit. Mr. Allis has also been a Board member of Waystone's Irish MiFID firm and has acted as chairperson for the risk committee of the company. Prior to joining Waystone, Mr. Allis worked for Citco Fund Services, Dublin as Senior Account Manager, leading a team to work on a wide array of structures. Mr. Allis holds a Bachelor of Business Studies in Finance and a Masters in International Relations, both from Dublin City University. Mr. Allis was also a member of the Irish Funds Organizational Risk Working Group for over two years and is certified by PRMIA.

Andrew Kehoe (Irish Resident) is the CEO and Executive Director for the AIFM. At Waystone, he oversees the Irish management company business and works closely with the CEO of Waystone's Global Management Company Solutions and senior management in Waystone's management companies in other jurisdictions to help ensure that a uniform, best in class operational process is applied across all entities and that group strategy is implemented at an Irish level. He is also responsible for Waystone's fund consulting services in Ireland.

Mr. Kehoe has been a lawyer since 2002 and has a broad range of experience at law firms in the U.S. and Ireland. Mr. Kehoe was previously the CEO of KB Associates and, before that, was responsible for both the legal and business development teams at KB Associates.. He also previously acted as the CEO of the KB Associates' MiFID distribution firm in Malta. Prior to joining KB Associates, Mr. Kehoe was a managing partner at a New York City law firm and worked as an investment funds solicitor in Dublin. Mr. Kehoe holds a Bachelor of Science in Business from Fairfield University, a Juris Doctor law degree from New York Law School and a Diploma in International Investment Funds from the Law Society of Ireland. He is admitted to the Roll of Solicitors in Ireland, England and Wales, and is a member of the New York, New Jersey and Connecticut Bars.

Samantha Mevlit (Irish Resident). Ms. Mevlit is the Finance Director of the European Fund Services at the Waystone Group and a Non-Executive Director for the AIFM. Having joined Waystone in 2016 Ms. Mevlit has been actively involved in numerous acquisitions and restructurings that have supported the AIFM's growth and continued success. At Waystone, Ms. Mevlit oversees the financial operations of the European entities, which includes its Management Companies and MiFID entities, ensuring that they are operating to the strategy of the management team and that they conform to all the statutory, regulatory and revenue requirements. Ms. Mevlit is a CIMA qualified Chartered Management Accountant and has a Master of Business Studies in Project Management (Hons) for the Michael Smurfit School of Business and a Bachelor of Business Studies (Hons) from Waterford Institute of Technology.

Keith Hazley (Irish Resident). Mr. Hazley serves as an Executive Director for the AIFM and is the representative member on both the Investment Committee and Valuation Committee of the AIFM. He was the Designated Person responsible for Investment Management until October 2022. He brings to the role extensive leadership experience in trading, investment and technology development in the hedge fund industry. Mr. Hazley was previously the Head of Risk at Waystone's Irish MiFID Firm, as well as a Non-Executive Director of Luna Technologies Ltd., a fund administration software company, and Altitude Fund Solutions Limited, a fund portal software company, and a Director of Lambay Fund Services Ltd. He has served as an independent director on several boards of hedge funds. Mr. Hazley holds a Bachelor of Business Studies degree from Trinity College, Dublin, a Master of Business Administration degree from City of London University and a Diploma in Company Direction, Institute of Directors, London. He is an Approved Principal by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and a Member of the Institute of Directors in Ireland.

Professional Liability Risk

The AIFM will ensure adequate cover for professional liability risks through its own funds.

The AIFM has documented effective internal operation risk management policies and procedures in order to identify, manage and monitor appropriately operational risks including professional liability risks to which the AIFM is or could be reasonably exposed. The operational risk management activities shall be performed independently as part of its risk management policy. The AIFM has arrangements in place for ensuring compliance with its operational risk management policies and measures for the treatment of non-compliance with these policies. The AIFM has systems in place to ensure that appropriate corrective action is taken in the event of non-compliance with its

operational risk management policies. The operational risk management policies are reviewed by the AIFM on an annual basis.

Operational risk exposure and loss experience are monitored by the AIFM on an ongoing basis and shall be subject to regular internal report.

5.3 Investment Manager

The AIFM has delegated the powers of the investment management of each Fund to Sanarus Investment Management LLP pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement. The Investment Manager is authorised by the FCA to provide discretionary asset management services.

5.4 Depositary

The ICAV has appointed Citi Depositary Services Ireland Designated Activity Company as the Depositary responsible for providing depositary services to the ICAV for the purposes of and in compliance with the Regulations pursuant to the Depositary Agreement.

The Depositary is a designated activity company registered in Ireland with number 193453 and with its registered office at 1 North Wall Quay, Dublin 1. The Depositary is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland under the Investment Intermediaries Act 1995. The principal activity of the Depositary is to provide depositary services to collective investment schemes and other portfolios, such as the ICAV.

The key duties of the Depositary are to perform on behalf of the ICAV, the depositary duties referred to in Regulation 22 of the AIFMD Regulations, essentially consisting of:

- (a) monitoring and verifying the ICAV's cash flows;
- (b) safekeeping of the ICAV's assets, including inter alia verification of ownership;
- (c) ensuring that the issue, redemption, cancellation and valuation of Shares are carried out in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation and applicable law, rules and regulations;
- (d) ensuring that in transactions involving the ICAV's assets any consideration is remitted to the relevant Fund within the usual time limits;
- (e ensuring that the ICAV's income is applied in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation, applicable law, rules and regulations; and
- (f) carrying out instructions from the ICAV unless they conflict with the Instrument of Incorporation or applicable law, rules and regulations.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Depositary has not been appointed and nothing in the Depositary Agreement should be construed to require the Depositary to carry out the valuation functions in relation to the ICAV, including acting as an external valuer to independently value the ICAV's assets on behalf of the ICAV.

Under the terms of the Depositary Agreement and in accordance with the AIFMD Regulations, the Depositary has power to delegate certain of its depositary functions.

The liability of the Depositary will not be affected by the fact that it has entrusted to a third party certain of the ICAV's assets in its safekeeping. The ICAV will notify the Shareholders of the ICAV without delay where any liability has been discharged to a delegate. The Shareholders will be informed, without undue delay, of any changes to arrangements regarding the discharge by the Depositary of its liability to the ICAV. In order to discharge its responsibility in this regard, the Depositary must exercise due skill, care and diligence in the selection, continued appointment and ongoing monitoring of a third party as a safe-keeping agent so as to ensure that the third party has and maintains the expertise, competence and standing appropriate to discharge the responsibilities concerned; and maintain an appropriate level of supervision over the safe-keeping agent; and make

appropriate inquiries from time to time to confirm that the obligations of the agent continue to be competently discharged.

From time to time conflicts may arise between the Depositary and the delegates, for example where an appointed delegate is an affiliated group company which receives remuneration for another custodial service it provides to the ICAV. In the event of any potential conflict of interest which may arise during the normal course of business, the Depositary will have regard to the applicable laws.

The Depositary Agreement provides that it will continue in force unless and until terminated by either party giving not less than one hundred and eighty (180) days' prior written notice to the other, although termination may be immediate in certain circumstances, such as the insolvency of the Depositary. Upon an (envisaged) removal or resignation of the Depositary, the ICAV shall with due observance of the applicable requirements of the Central Bank, appoint a successor Depositary. The Depositary may not be replaced without the approval of the Central Bank.

The Depositary is liable to the ICAV or the Shareholders for all losses suffered by them as a result of the Depositary's negligence or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations. The Depositary Agreement contains indemnities in favour of the Depositary excluding matters arising by reason of its failure to satisfy its obligation of due skill, care and diligence as provided in the Depositary Agreement, or the failure of any agent to satisfy the same standard of care, any loss for which the Depositary is liable under the AIFMD Requirements.

The Depositary Agreement is governed by the laws of Ireland and the courts of Ireland shall have non-exclusive jurisdiction to hear any disputes or claims arising out of or in connection with the Depositary Agreement.

5.5 Administrator

Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, Citibank Europe plc has been appointed to act as administrator, registrar and transfer agent of the ICAV with responsibility for performing the day to day administration of the ICAV and each Fund, including the calculation of the Net Asset Value of each Fund. Citibank Europe plc is a licensed bank, authorised and regulated by the Central Bank. Citibank Europe plc was incorporated in Ireland on 9 June 1988 under registered number 132781 and is a member of the Citigroup of companies, having its ultimate parent Citigroup Inc., a US publicly quoted company. Citibank Europe plc provides the general administration of the ICAV. Requests to view the register of Shareholders may be made directly to the Administrator at its registered address as set out in the Directory section.

5.6 Distributor

The AIFM has appointed FinEx ETF Limited as distributor of Shares of the ICAV pursuant to the Global Distribution Agreement dated 3 August 2021.

The Distributor is registered as a limited company registered in the Cayman Islands under Company Registration Number 263561.

6 INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, POLICIES AND RESTRICTIONS

6.1 Investment Objective and Policies

The Instrument provides that the investment objective and policies for each Fund will be formulated by the Directors, in consultation with the AIFM, at the time of the creation of that Fund. Details of the investment objective and policies for each Fund of the ICAV are set out in the Supplement for each Fund.

It is a requirement of the Central Bank that any change in the investment objective or any material change to the investment policy of a Fund may be made with the approval of an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders of the Fund or may be made with the prior written approval of all Shareholders in a Fund. Subject and without prejudice to the preceding sentence of this paragraph, in the event of a change of investment objective and/or policies of a Fund a minimum of one month's notice period must be given to each Shareholder of the Fund to enable a Shareholder to have its Shares redeemed prior to the implementation of such change.

6.2 Investment Restrictions

The investment restrictions for each Fund are formulated by the Directors, in consultation with the AIFM, at the time of the creation of the Fund.

The following general investment restrictions apply to each Fund save to the extent that such restrictions are expressly or implicitly disapplied by investment policies and restrictions contained in the Supplement for the relevant Fund and any additional restrictions specified therein.

The investment restrictions applying to a Fund are derived from the AIF Rulebook and are as follows:

- (a) A Fund shall not invest more than 20% of its net assets in securities which are not traded in or dealt on a regulated market which operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public.
- (b) Subject to Section (e) below, a Fund shall not invest more than 20% of its net assets in securities issued by the same institution. Where a Fund's investment policy is to replicate an index, this limit is increased to 35% in the case of a single issuer where this is justified by exceptional market circumstances.
- (c) Subject to Section (d) below, a Fund shall not hold more than 20% of any class of security issued by any single issuer. This requirement does not apply to investments in other open-ended investment funds.
- (d) A Fund may only invest up to 100% of its net assets in transferable securities issued or guaranteed by any state, its constituent states, its local authorities, or public international bodies of which one or more EU Member States are members, or by Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland, United States or the United Kingdom, with the prior approval of the Central Bank by the following issuers:

OECD Governments (provided the relevant issues are investment grade),

Government of Brazil (provided the issues are of investment grade),

Government of India (provided the issues are of investment grade),

Government of Singapore,

European Investment Bank,

European Bank for Reconstruction and Development,

International Finance Corporation,

International Monetary Fund,

Euratom,

The Asian Development Bank,

European Central Bank,

Council of Europe,

Eurofima,

The European Coal & Steel Community,

African Development Bank,

International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (The World Bank),

The Inter-American Development Bank,

European Union,

Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae),

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac),

Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae),

Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae),

Federal Home Loan Bank,

Federal Farm Credit Bank,

Tennessee Valley Authority,

Straight-A Funding LLC.

- (e) A Fund shall not keep on deposit more than 10% of its net assets with any one institution; this limit is increased to 30% of net assets for deposits with or securities evidencing deposits issued by or securities guaranteed by the following:
 - (i) a credit institution authorised in the European Economic Area (EEA) (European Union Member States, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein);
 - (ii) a credit institution authorised within a signatory state, other than a Member State of the EEA, to the Basle Capital Convergence Agreement of July 1988 (Switzerland, Canada, Japan, United States and the United Kingdom);
 - (iii) a credit institution authorised in Jersey, Guernsey, the Isle of Man, Australia or New Zealand;
 - (iv) the depositary; or
 - (v) with the prior approval of the Central Bank, a credit institution which is an associated or related company of the depositary.
- (f) A Fund shall not invest more than 30% of net assets in any one open-ended investment fund. A Fund shall not invest more than 20% of net assets in unregulated open-ended investment funds. A Fund shall only invest in units of an investment fund managed by the Investment Manager or by an associated or related company of either of these, where the Investment Manager or associated or related company has waived the preliminary/initial/redemption charge which it would normally charge. A Fund shall

ensure that any commission or other fee received by the Investment Manager must be paid into the property of the relevant Fund.

- (g) A Fund shall not have a risk exposure to a counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction which exceeds the following:
 - (i) where the counterparty is a Relevant Institution, 10% of the relevant Fund's net assets; or
 - (ii) in any other case, 5% of the relevant Fund's net assets.

The Fund shall ensure that its global exposure relating to derivative instruments will not exceed the total net asset value of its portfolio. When a transferable security or money market instrument contains an embedded derivative, the latter shall be taken into account when complying with the requirements herein.

Where a Fund invests in FDI dealt in over-the-counter, "OTC derivatives" the counterparty will be a Relevant Institution or an investment firm, authorised in accordance with MiFID in an EEA Member State, or will be an entity subject to regulation as a Consolidated Supervised Entity ("CSE") by the US Securities and Exchange Commission; or in the case of a counterparty which is not a Relevant Institution, the counterparty will have a minimum credit rating of A-2 or equivalent, or will be deemed by the Fund to have an implied rating of A-2 or equivalent. Alternatively, an unrated counterparty will be acceptable where the Fund is indemnified or guaranteed against losses suffered as a result of a failure by the counterparty, by an entity which has and maintains a rating of A-2 or equivalent.

(h) A Fund shall not acquire nor shall it appoint an AIFM which would acquire any securities carrying voting rights of any issuer which would allow it to exercise a significant influence or legal and management control of such issuer.

The investment limits set out above are deemed to apply at the time of purchase of the investments. The ICAV need not comply with the above investment limit percentages when exercising subscription rights attaching to securities which form part of the assets of the ICAV. If the investment limit percentages are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the ICAV or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, the Directors will adopt as a priority objective for the ICAV's sale transactions the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of Shareholders.

It is intended that the ICAV, following consultation with the AIFM, shall have the power subject to the prior approval of the Central Bank to avail itself of any change in the investment and borrowing restrictions specified pursuant to the Central Bank's requirements. Any changes to the investment or borrowing restrictions will be disclosed in an updated Prospectus.

6.3 Sustainability disclosures under SFDR

Integration of sustainability risks in the investment process

The Funds are passively managed and hold securities included in the relevant Reference Index, which they track. The relevant Reference Indices are required to represent an adequate benchmark for the market to which they refer. Each Reference Index is created by a third-party index provider. As the strategy of the Funds is to track the relevant Reference Index, changes to the portfolios of the Funds are driven by changes to the relevant Reference Indices in accordance with its published methodology rather than by an active selection of securities by the Investment Manager. Accordingly, the Investment Manager does not exercise discretion to actively select or deselect securities as part of the investment process. The Investment Manager does not therefore integrate Sustainability Risks in the investment process. In addition, the Investment Manager does not consider principle adverse impacts and the underlying securities of the Funds do not take account of the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. Even where a Fund uses an optimisation strategy to track the relevant Reference Index, Sustainability Risks may not be incorporated into the optimisation strategy as the Funds' investment objectives are to track the

performance of the relevant Reference Index and decisions driven by Sustainability Risks could impact the ability to achieve that objective.

6.4 Profile of a Typical Investor

The typical investor in the ICAV may vary according to the investment objective and policies as set out in the relevant supplement.

6.5 Leverage

The extent to which a Fund may employ leverage and the method used to calculate the relevant Fund's global exposure will be disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

6.6 Efficient Portfolio Management

Subject to the specific provisions (if any) relating to efficient portfolio management set out in the relevant Supplement for the relevant Fund, the ICAV may utilise techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and /or other financial instruments in which it invests for the purposes of efficient portfolio management and under the conditions and within the limits applicable to Retail AIFs laid down by the Central Bank in the AIF Rulebook details of which (if any) shall be set out in the relevant Supplement. The ICAV shall not enter into efficient portfolio management transactions if such transaction would result in change to the relevant Fund's declared investment objective or add substantial supplementary risks in comparison to the general risk policy as described.

Efficient portfolio management techniques may only be effected in accordance with normal market practice. All assets received in the context of efficient portfolio management techniques should be considered as collateral and should comply with the criteria set out above in relation to collateral. All the revenues arising from efficient portfolio management techniques employed shall be returned to the relevant Fund following the deduction of any direct and indirect operational costs and fees arising. Such direct and indirect operational costs and fees, (which are all fully transparent) which shall not include hidden revenue, shall include fees and expenses payable to counterparties engaged by the ICAV, in respect of the relevant Fund from time to time

6.7 Hedged Classes

The ICAV may (but is not obliged to) enter into certain currency-related transactions in order to hedge the currency exposure of the assets of a Fund attributable to a particular Class into the currency of denomination of the relevant Class for the purposes of efficient portfolio management.

The ICAV may also (but is not obliged to) enter into certain currency-related transactions in order to hedge the currency exposure of a Fund where the Fund invests in assets denominated in currencies other than the Base Currency. In addition, a Class designated in a currency other than the Base Currency may be hedged against exchange rate fluctuation risks between the designated currency of the Class and the Base Currency. Any financial instruments used to implement such strategies with respect to one or more Classes shall be assets/liabilities of the Fund as a whole but will be attributable to the relevant Class(es) and the gains/losses on, and the costs of, the relevant financial instruments will accrue solely to the relevant Class. However, investors should note that there is no segregation of liability between Share Classes. Shareholders are therefore exposed to the risk that hedging transactions undertaken in one class may impact negatively on the Net Asset Value of another Class.

Where a Class of Shares is to be hedged, this will be disclosed in the Supplement for the Fund in which such Class is issued. Any currency exposure of a Class may not be combined with or offset against that of any other Class of a Fund. The currency exposure of the assets attributable to a Class may not be allocated to other Classes. Where the Investment Manager seeks to hedge against currency fluctuations, while not intended, this could result in over-hedged or under-hedged positions due to external factors outside the control of the ICAV. However, over-

hedged positions will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value and hedged positions will be kept under review to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed the permitted level which review will also incorporate a procedure to ensure that positions in excess of 100% of Net Asset Value will not be carried forward from month to month. To the extent that hedging is successful for a particular Class, the performance of the Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the underlying assets, with the result that investors in that Class will not gain/ lose if the Class currency falls/ rises against the Base Currency.

The ICAV will only engage in interest rate hedging at a Class level where the benefits and costs of such hedging will be accrued and attributed solely to Shareholders in the relevant Class and where such arrangements are in accordance with the Central Bank's requirements.

6.8 Collateral Policy

In the context of utilisation of financial derivative instruments for efficient portfolio management techniques, hedging and/or investment purposes, collateral may be received from a counterparty for the benefit of a Fund or posted to a counterparty by or on behalf of the ICAV. Any receipt or posting of collateral by the ICAV will be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank and the terms of the ICAV's collateral policy outlined below.

6.9 Collateral – Received by the Fund

Collateral posted by the counterparty for the benefit of a Fund may be taken into account as reducing the exposure to such counterparty. A Fund will require receipt of the necessary level of collateral so as to ensure counterparty exposure limits are not breached. Counterparty risk may be reduced to the extent that the value of the collateral received corresponds with the value of the amount exposed to counterparty risk at any given time.

6.10 Non-Cash Collateral

Collateral received must, at all times, meet with the following criteria:

- (a) Liquidity: Collateral received other than cash should be highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation.
- (b) Valuation: Collateral received should be valued on at least a daily basis and must be marked to market daily.
- (c) Issuer credit quality: where the collateral issuer is not rated A-1 or equivalent, conservative haircuts must be applied.
- (d) Until the expiry of any relevant repurchase contract or securities lending arrangement, collateral obtained under such contracts or arrangements must equal or exceed in value, at all times the value of the amount invested or securities loaned;
- (e) Must be transferred to the Depositary, or its agent; and
- (f) Must be immediately available to the ICAV, without recourse to the counterparty in the event of default by that entity.

Non-Cash Collateral

- (i) Cannot be sold, pledged or re-invested;
- (ii) Must be held at the risk of the counterparty;
- (iii) Must be issued by an entity independent of the counterparty; and
- (iv) Must be diversified to avoid concentration in one issue, sector or country.

6.11 Cash Collateral

Cash collateral may not be invested other than in the following:

- (i) deposits with Relevant Institutions;
- (ii) government or other public securities;

- (iii) certificates of deposit issued by Relevant Institutions;
- (iv) letters of credit with a residual maturity of three months or less, which are unconditional and irrevocable and which are issued by Relevant Institutions;
- (v) repurchase agreements provided collateral received falls under categories (i) (iv) and (vi) of this paragraph; and
- (vi) daily dealing money market funds which have and maintain a rating of AAA or equivalent.

Invested cash collateral should be held in a diversified manner. Exposure created through the reinvestment of collateral must be taken into account in determining risk exposures to a counterparty. Re-investment of cash collateral in accordance with the provisions above can still present additional risk for a Fund.

6.12 Collateral – Posted by the Fund

Collateral posted to a counterparty by or on behalf of a Fund must be taken into account when calculating counterparty risk exposure. Collateral posted to a counterparty and collateral received by such counterparty may be taken into account on a net basis provided the Fund is able to legally enforce netting arrangements with the counterparty.

6.13 Use of a Subscriptions/Redemptions Account

The ICAV operates a single, omnibus Subscriptions/Redemptions Account for all of the Funds in accordance with the Central Bank's requirements. Accordingly, monies in the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account are deemed assets of the respective Funds and shall not have the protection of the Investor Money Regulations. It should be noted however that the Depositary will monitor the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account in performing its cash monitoring obligations and ensuring effective and proper monitoring of the ICAV's cash flows in accordance with its obligations as prescribed under AIFMD. There nonetheless remains a risk for investors to the extent that monies are held by the ICAV in the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account for the account of a Fund at a point where such Fund (or another Fund of the ICAV) becomes insolvent. In respect of any claim by an investor in relation to monies held in the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account, the investor shall rank as an unsecured creditor of the ICAV.

The ICAV in conjunction with the Depositary shall establish a policy to govern the operation of the Subscriptions/Redemptions, in accordance with the Central Bank guidance in this area. This policy shall be reviewed by the ICAV and the Depositary at least annually.

6.14 Borrowing and Lending Powers

The ICAV may borrow on a temporary basis up to 10 per cent of its net assets at any time for the account of any Fund and may charge or pledge the assets of such Fund as security for any such borrowings. Specific borrowing limits for each Fund are set out in the relevant Supplement. Without prejudice to the powers of the ICAV to invest in securities, the ICAV may not lend to, or act as guarantor on behalf of third parties nor shall it raise capital from the public through the issue of debt securities. A Fund may acquire debt securities and securities which are not fully paid.

6.15 EU Benchmark Regulation

The EU Benchmark Regulation entered into force in June 2016 and became fully applicable in the EU on 1 January 2018, subject to certain transitional provisions. The EU Benchmark Regulation applies to 'contributors' to, 'administrators' of, and 'users' of benchmarks in the EU. The EU Benchmark Regulation will, among other things, (a) require EU benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered and to comply with requirements relating to the administration of benchmarks, (b) prohibit the use in the EU of benchmarks provided by EU administrators which are not authorised or registered in accordance with the EU Benchmark

Regulation, and (c) prohibit the use in the EU of benchmarks provided by non-EU administrators which are not (i) authorised or registered and subject to supervision in a jurisdiction in respect of which an 'equivalence' decision has been adopted in accordance with the EU Benchmark Regulation, or (ii) where such equivalence decision is pending, 'recognised' by the competent authorities of the applicable EU Member State(s). An exception to this is that a benchmark provided by a non-EU administrator can itself be endorsed for use in the EU by an EU authorised or registered administrator or an EU-based supervised entity, following authorisation of the endorsement by the relevant competent authority.

The EU Benchmark Regulation requires the ICAV to produce and maintain a robust contingency plan setting out the actions that it would take in the event that a benchmark (as defined by the EU Benchmark Regulation) materially changes or ceases to be provided. The Investment Manager shall comply with this obligation on behalf of the ICAV.

The ICAV is required under the EU Benchmark Regulation to use only benchmarks which are provided by authorised benchmark administrators that are present in the register of administrators maintained by the European Securities and Markets Authority, pursuant to Article 36 of the EU Benchmark Regulation. The Investment Manager shall comply with this obligation on behalf of the ICAV.

7 RISK FACTORS

Potential investors should consider the following risks relevant to the Funds before investing. Certain of the risks outlined below are also directly applicable to each Fund of the ICAV.

The investments of the ICAV in securities and commodities are subject to normal market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in securities and commodities. The value of investments and the income from them, and therefore the value of, and income from, Shares can go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount he invests. Changes in exchange rates between currencies or the conversion from one currency to another may also cause the value of the investments to diminish or increase. An investor who realises Shares after a short period may, in addition, not realise the amount originally invested in view of the Preliminary Charge and Redemption Charge which may be made on the issue and redemption of such Shares.

The following risk factors are set out in are reasonably believed to be a descending level of importance by the Investment Manager.

7.1 Market Risk

Market risk occurs where trading counterparties may from time to time refrain from making a market in a particular financial contract or instrument. This can lead to considerable losses being incurred by those exposed to such instruments.

7.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk occurs where persons holding a financial contract or instrument with a trading counterparty are unable to liquidate their exposure in time at a reasonable price.

7.3 ICSD Risk

Investors that settle or clear through an International Central Securities Depositary will not be a registered Shareholder in the relevant Fund and they will hold an indirect interest in such Shares. Therefore, investors will not be able to exercise the rights associated with being a Shareholder directly with the ICAV. Investor's rights in respect of Shares in the Funds will be governed by their agreement with their nominee, broker or International Central Securities Depositary, as appropriate.

The Common Depositary is contractually bound to collate all votes received from the applicable International Central Securities Depositaries (which reflects votes received by the applicable International Central Securities Depositary from participants) and the Common Depositary's Nominee should vote in accordance with such instructions. However, the ICAV has no power to ensure the Common Depositary relays notices of votes in accordance with their instructions. The

ICAV cannot accept voting instructions from any persons, other than the registered holder of the Global Share Certificate, which for the Funds will be the Common Depositary Nominee.

Upon instruction of the Common Depositary Nominee, redemption proceeds and any dividends declared are paid by the ICAV or its authorised agent to the applicable International Central Securities Depositary. Investors shall have no claim directly against the ICAV in respect of redemption proceeds or dividend payments due in respect of shares represented by the Global Share Certificate and the obligations of the ICAV will be discharged by payment to the applicable International Central Securities Depositary upon the instruction of the Common Depositary's Nominee.

If an applicant on the primary market submits a dealing request and subsequently fails or is unable to settle and complete the dealing request, as the applicant is not a registered Shareholder of the ICAV, the ICAV will have no recourse to that applicant other than its contractual right to recover such costs. In the event that no recovery can be made from the applicant any costs incurred as a result of the failure to settle will be borne by the relevant Fund and its investors.

7.4 Secondary Market Trading Risk

Even though the Shares are to be listed on one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges, there can be no certainty that there will be liquidity in the Shares on any Relevant Stock Exchange or that the market price at which the Shares may be traded on a Relevant Stock Exchange will be the same as or approximately equal to the Net Asset Value per Share. However, as the Shares may be dealt in by means of subscription and redemption, the Directors consider that large discounts or premiums in the Net Asset Value of a Fund would not be sustainable. There can be no guarantee that once the Shares are listed on a Relevant Stock Exchange they will remain listed or that the conditions of listing will not change.

Trading in Shares on a Relevant Stock Exchange, or the requirement for market makers to make two way prices on a Relevant Stock Exchange, may be halted or suspended due to market conditions, or because the Relevant Stock Exchange considers that trading in the Shares is inadvisable, or the discontinuance in the calculation or publication of the Reference Asset or a component thereof, or otherwise pursuant to the Relevant Stock Exchange's rules. If trading on a Relevant Stock Exchange is halted or suspended, investors in Shares may not be able to sell their Shares until trading resumes however such investors should be able to apply to the ICAV to redeem Shares in accordance with the provisions set out below.

7.5 Interest and Exchange Rate Fluctuations

Each Fund may enter into hedging transactions on currencies to protect against a decline in the value of investments denominated in currencies other than the reference currency, and against any increase in the cost of investments denominated in currencies other than the reference currency.

The Net Asset Value of a Fund invested in fixed-interest securities will change in response to fluctuations in interest rates and currency exchange rates. Except to the extent that values are independently affected by exchange rate fluctuations, when interest rates decline the value of fixed-income securities can generally be expected to rise. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the value of fixed-income securities can generally be expected to decline. The performance of investments in fixed-interest securities denominated in a specific currency will also depend on the interest rate environment in the country issuing the currency. As the Net Asset Value of a Fund is calculated in its reference currency, the performance of investments denominated in a currency other than the reference currency will depend on the strength of such currency against the reference currency and on the interest rate environment in the country issuing the currency. In the absence of other events that could otherwise affect the value of non-reference currency investments (such as a change in the political climate or an issuer's credit quality), an appreciation in the value of the non-reference currency can generally be expected to increase the value of a Fund's non-reference currency investments in terms of the reference currency. A rise in interest rates or decline in the value of non-reference currencies relative to the reference currency can generally be expected to depress the value of a Fund's non-reference currency investments.

7.6 Derivative Trading Risks

The prices of FDIs, including futures and options, are volatile and may involve above average risk. Hence investment in the ICAV may be suitable only for persons who are in a position to take such a risk. Accordingly it is recommended that an investment in the ICAV should not comprise a substantial part of an investor's portfolio. In addition, the ICAV is subject to the risk of the failure of any of the exchanges on which it trades or of their clearing houses and in certain cases the counterparties with whom the trades are carried out. The following additional risks apply to trading in derivatives:

(a) Forward Contracts Transactions

The ICAV may trade in forward contracts on foreign currencies. In this connection, the ICAV may contract to make or take delivery of a particular foreign currency. Although the foreign currency market is not necessarily more volatile than the market in futures, there is less protection against defaults in the forward trading of currencies since such forward contracts are not guaranteed by an exchange or clearing house.

(b) Derivative Trading may be illiquid

Most futures exchanges limit fluctuations in futures contract prices during a single day by regulations referred to as daily price fluctuation limits or daily limits. During a single trading day no trades may be executed at prices beyond the daily limit. Once the price of a futures contract for a particular future has increased or decreased by an amount equal to the daily limit, positions in the futures contract can be neither taken nor liquidated unless traders are willing to effect trades at or within the limit. Futures prices have in the past moved the daily limit for several consecutive days with little or no trading. Similar occurrences could prevent the ICAV from promptly liquidating unfavourable positions and thus subject the ICAV to losses.

(c) Possible effects of Speculative Position Limits

Certain exchanges have established limits referred to as speculative position limits on the maximum net long or net short position which any entity may hold or control in particular futures. It is possible that the trading instructions for the ICAV may have to be modified and that positions held by the ICAV may have to be liquidated in order to avoid exceeding such limits. Such modification or liquidation, if required, could adversely affect the operations and profitability of the ICAV.

(d) Derivative Trading is Leveraged

Because of the low margin deposits normally required in derivative trading, a degree of leverage is typical of a trading account. As a result, a relatively small price movement in a contract may result in losses to Shareholders. Thus, like other leveraged investments, any purchase or sale of a derivative contract may result in losses to the ICAV in excess of the amount initially deposited by the ICAV as margin with respect to that contract.

(e) Options

The ICAV may engage in the trading of options including options on futures contracts. Such trading involves risks similar to those involved in trading futures contracts or margined securities, in that options are leveraged. Specific market movements of the futures contracts or securities underlying an option cannot accurately be predicted. The purchaser of an option is subject to the risk of losing the entire purchase price of the option. The writer of an option is subject to the risk of loss resulting from the difference between the premium received for the option and the price of the futures contract or security underlying the option which the writer must purchase or deliver upon exercise of the option.

7.7 Achievement of Investment Objective

There is no assurance that any Fund will achieve its investment objective.

7.8 Disruption Events

Upon the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event (including an Adjustment Event as defined below, and without limitation to the Directors' personal powers as further described herein):

- (a) to the extent that the Fund has entered into FDIs, an Approved Counterparty (whether acting as the relevant Calculation Agent or otherwise) may either (i) terminate one or more of the relevant FDIs, or (ii) adjust the terms of the relevant FDIs held by the Fund to account for such event, including adjustment to or substitution of the valuation of the FDI (and, provided that the Investment Manager (and where appropriate the Approved Counterparty) considers that it is commercially reasonable to do so, the relevant Fund may continue to operate by using such formula for and method of calculating the value of the FDI in effect prior to the occurrence of any such event with such adjustments as the Investment Manager may deem necessary for the purpose of continuing the operation of the relevant Fund), and such adjustment(s) may have a positive or negative impact on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund; and/or
- (b) the Directors, in consultation with the AIFM may temporarily suspend the calculation of the Net Asset Value and any subscription, redemption and exchange of Shares and payment of redemption proceeds in accordance with the provisions set out under "Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value"; and/or
- (c) if the Directors shall have resolved that it is impracticable or inadvisable for a Fund to continue to operate having regard to the market conditions (taking into account such Market Disruption or Adjustment Events and the best interests of the Shareholders), the Directors shall terminate the Fund.

Certain events ("Adjustment Events") may occur with respect to the ability of an Approved Counterparty to perform its obligations under one or more derivative contracts. These events include, but are not limited to the events below:

- it becomes impossible or commercially unreasonable, in the determination of the Investment Manager, for the Approved Counterparty to continue to perform its obligations under the derivatives;
- (ii) to the extent the Fund has entered into FDIs, and / or options or futures contracts where (a) the costs associated with the Approved Counterparty hedging its liability and obligations under the relevant FDIs and / or options or futures contracts increase; or (b) the ability of the Approved Counterparty to hedge its liability becomes impaired or commercially unreasonable or impracticable; or
- (iii) if any law shall be passed or change in law is implemented which renders it illegal, impracticable or inadvisable for the Approved Counterparty to continue to perform its obligations under one or more derivative contracts.

7.9 Settlement Risk

Settlement risk occurs when a transaction is not completed as duly agreed between the parties. This may be due to an error or omission in the necessary settlement, clearing or registration processes or due to the lack of creditworthiness of one of the parties to the transaction.

7.10 Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk occurs when a party to a contract fails to honour and defaults on its obligations thereunder. Funds which are party to these risks can incur considerable losses.

7.11 Delivery Failure

In some securities markets, deliveries of securities and other Fund Assets and payments therefor may not be or are not customarily made simultaneously. Further due to the nature of the investment policy and structuring of transactions involving the Fund Assets the deliveries of securities and payments may not be made simultaneously. The Depositary or a sub-depositary may make or accept payment for or delivery of Fund Assets in such form and manner according to the customs prevailing in the relevant market or among securities dealers or in accordance with the terms of the Depositary Agreement. The ICAV shall bear the risk that:-(i) the recipient of Fund Assets delivered by the Depositary or any sub- depositary may fail to make payment, for or return such Fund Assets or hold such Fund Assets or the proceeds of their sale in trust for the Depositary or the ICAV; and (ii) the recipient of payment for Fund Assets made by the Depositary or any sub-depositary including without limitation amounts paid as premium or margin on derivatives contracts may fail to deliver the Fund Assets (such failure to include, without limitation, delivery of forged or stolen Fund Assets) or to return such payment, or hold such payment in trust for the Depositary or the ICAV in each case whether such failure is total or partial or merely a failure to perform on a timely basis. Neither the Depositary nor any subdepositary shall be liable to the ICAV for any loss resulting from any of the foregoing events or from the liquidation, insolvency or bankruptcy of such recipient.

7.12 Sustainability Risks

The impacts following the occurrence of a Sustainability Risk may be numerous and may vary depending on the specific risk, region and asset class. In general, where a Sustainability Risk occurs in respect of an asset, there could be a negative impact on, or entire loss of, its value. Any Sustainability Risk can either represent a risk on its own or have an impact on other risks and contribute significantly to other risks, such as market risks, operational risks, liquidity risks or counterparty risks.

Sustainability Risks that could impact on the value of the Funds include:

Environmental Risk

- Carbon Emissions Risk;
- Climate Change Risk;
- Natural Resource Depletion Risk; and
- Pollution and Waste Risk.

Social Risks

- Human Capital Risk;
- External Social Risk; and
- Megatrends Risk.

Governance

- Board Diversity and Structure Risk;
- Inadequate External or Internal Audit Risk;
- Fair Tax Strategy Risk;
- Shareholders' Rights Risk;
- Bribery and Corruption Risk;
- · IT Safeguards Risk; and
- Employee Safeguards Risk

7.13 Fund Expenses

Returns on Shares will be net of all fees and expenses incurred in the establishment and ongoing running of the relevant Fund and may not be directly comparable to the yields which could be earned if any investment were instead made directly in the assets of the relevant Fund.

7.14 Correlation Risk

The ICAV may utilise forward contracts and currency options to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of the ICAV's portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Hedging against a decline in the value of portfolio positions does not eliminate fluctuations in the values of portfolios positions nor does it prevent losses if the values of such positions decline, but establishes other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thus moderating the decline in the positions' value. Such hedge transactions also limit the opportunity for gain if the value of the portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible for the ICAV to hedge against any exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation which is so generally anticipated that the ICAV is not able to enter into a hedging transaction at a price sufficient to protect the ICAV from the decline in value of the portfolio position anticipated as a result of such a fluctuation.

7.15 Listing

There can be no certainty that a listing on any stock exchange applied for by the ICAV will be achieved and/or maintained or that the conditions of listing will not change. Further, trading in Shares on a Relevant Stock Exchange may be halted pursuant to that Relevant Stock Exchange's rules due to market conditions and investors may not be able to sell their Shares until trading resumes.

7.16 Cross Currency Risk

The ICAV's investments may be denominated in a currency other than the Base Currency and the ICAV's exposure to such a currency may not be hedged back to the Base Currency. Accordingly, the value of the Shares may be affected by any currency movement between the currency of the investments and the Base Currency.

7.17 Political Legal and/or Regulatory Risks

The value of the assets of the ICAV may be adversely affected by uncertainties, such as international political and economic developments, changes in market conditions, government policies or in legal, regulatory or taxation requirements.

7.18 Legal and Regulatory

The ICAV must comply with regulatory constraints or changes in the laws affecting it, the Shares, or the Investment Restrictions, which might require a change in the investment policy and objectives followed by a Fund. A Fund's assets may also be subject to change in laws or regulations and/or regulatory action which may affect their value.

7.19 Political Factors, Emerging Market and Non-OECD Member State Assets

The performance of the Shares and/or the possibility to purchase, sell, or redeem Shares may be affected by changes in general economic conditions and uncertainties such as political developments, changes in government policies, the imposition of restrictions on the transfer of capital and changes in regulatory requirements. Such risks can be heightened in investments in, or relating to, emerging markets or non-OECD member states. In addition, local custody services remain underdeveloped in many non-OECD and emerging market countries and there is a transaction and custody risk involved in dealing in such markets. In certain circumstances, a Fund may not be able to recover or may encounter delays in the recovery of some of its assets. Furthermore, the legal infrastructure and accounting, auditing and reporting standards in emerging markets or non-OECD member states, may not provide the same degree of investor information or protection as would generally apply to major markets.

7.20 Changes in the Political Environment of the United Kingdom and Europe

With effect from 31 January 2020 the United Kingdom is no longer a Member State of the European Union. A transitional period is applicable until the end of 2020 while the United Kingdom and EU negotiate additional arrangements. Depending on the outcome of the negotiations there may be a

need to amend the structure of the ICAV or replace certain service providers.

Ireland will remain a member of the EU and the ICAV and the Funds will remain EU regulated AIFs. However, the ICAV and the Funds may be negatively impacted by changes in law and tax treatment resulting from the UK's departure from the EU particularly as regards any UK situate investments held by the Fund in question, although it is anticipated that the FCA's recognition of the ICAV under section 272 of FSMA will continue to permit the ICAV to be marketed into the UK. In addition, UK domiciled investors in the Funds may be impacted by changes in law, particularly as regards UK taxation of their investment in a Fund, resulting from the UK's departure from the EU. This will all be dependent on the terms of the UK's exit, which are to be negotiated by the UK and the rest of the EU, and UK law following such an exit.

Further details of any risk factors which are applicable to a particular Fund are set out in the relevant Supplement. The risk factors set out in this Prospectus do not purport to be an exhaustive or complete explanation of all the risks. Investors should seek professional advice before investing.

7.21 Pandemic Risk

An outbreak of an infectious disease, pandemic or any other serious public health concern could occur in any jurisdiction in which a Fund may invest, leading to changes in regional and global economic conditions and cycles which may have a negative impact on the Fund's investments and consequently its Net Asset Value. Any such an outbreak may also have an adverse effect on the wider global economy and/or markets which may negatively impact a Fund's investments more generally. In addition a serious outbreak of infectious disease may also be a force majeure event under contracts that the ICAV has entered into with counterparties thereby relieving a counterparty of the timely performance of the services such counterparties have contracted to provide to the Funds (the nature of the services will vary depending on the agreement in question). In a worst case scenario, this may result in Disruption Events with the Funds being delayed in calculating their Net Asset Value, processing dealing in Shares, undertaking independent valuations of the Funds or processing trades in respect of the Funds. However each of the AIFM, the Depositary, the Administrator and the Investment Manager have business continuity plans in place which are tested regularly

7.22 Russian Invasion of Ukraine

Russia invaded Ukraine in February 2022. In response, the United States, United Kingdom, European Union and other states imposed a range of sanctions designed to target the Russian financial system and certain Russian nationals. In addition, a number of countries banned Russian planes from their respective airspaces. Further sanctions may be forthcoming, and the United States and allied countries announced they are committed to taking steps to prevent certain Russian banks from accessing international payment systems. Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the corresponding financial sanctions could have a negative impact on the economy and business activity globally, and consequently could adversely affect the performance of a Fund's investments. Furthermore, given the evolving nature of the conflict between the two nations and its ongoing escalation, it is difficult to predict the conflict's ultimate impact on global economic, business and market conditions. As a result, the situation may present material uncertainty and risk with respect to a Fund and the performance of its investments or operations, and the ability of a Fund to achieve its investment objective.

7.23 Cyber Security Risk

The ICAV and its service providers' use of internet, technology and information systems may expose the ICAV and the Funds to potential risks linked to cyber security breaches of those technological or information systems. Cyber security breaches, amongst other things, could allow an unauthorised party to gain access to proprietary information, customer data, or Fund assets, or cause a Fund and/or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality.

7.24 Segregation of Liability

Under the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall maintain for each Fund a separate portfolio of assets. As between Shareholders, each portfolio of assets shall be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Fund. The Shareholders shall only be entitled to the assets and profits of that Fund in which they participate. The ICAV shall be considered one single legal entity. With regard to third parties, in particular towards the ICAV's creditors, the ICAV shall be responsible for all liabilities incurred by a Fund exclusively based on the assets of this relevant Fund. Among the Shareholders, the liabilities of each Fund shall only be incurred to the respective Fund. While the provisions of the Act provide for segregated liability between Funds, these provisions have yet to be tested in foreign courts, in particular, in satisfying local creditors' claims. There is however no segregation of liability between Classes of Shares within a Fund. Accordingly, it is not free from doubt that the assets of any Fund of the ICAV may not be exposed to the liabilities of other Funds of the ICAV. As at the date of this Prospectus, the Directors are not aware of any existing or contingent liability of any Fund of the ICAV.

7.25 Nominee Arrangements

Where an investor holds Shares via a nominee or intermediary, or holds interests in Shares through a Clearing Agent, such investor will typically not appear on the Register of the ICAV and may not therefore be able to exercise voting or other rights available to those persons appearing on the Register.

7.26 Non-Voting Shares

The Non-Voting Shares do not carry any voting rights. Changes may not be made in respect of the Class of Shares of the relevant Fund to which those Non-Voting Shares relate.

7.27 Valuation of Unlisted Investments

The fact that the Investment Manager shall be appointed as a competent person for the purposes of valuing unlisted investments by certain Funds creates a potential conflict of interest insofar as the Investment Manager's fees shall indirectly be based on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Funds.

7.28 OECD BEPS

In 2013 the OECD published its report on Addressing Base Erosion and Profit Shifting ("BEPS") and it's Action Plan on BEPS. The aim of the report and Action Plan was to address and reduce aggressive international tax planning. BEPS remains an ongoing project. On 5 October 2015, the OECD published its final reports on the first phase of the project, analyses and sets of recommendations (deliverables) with a view to implementing internationally agreed and binding rules which could result in material changes to relevant tax legislation of participating OECD countries. The final package of deliverables was subsequently approved by the G20 Finance Ministers on 8 October 2015. On 24 November 2016, more than 100 jurisdictions concluded negotiations on a multilateral instrument aimed at amending their respective tax treaties (more than 2,000 tax treaties worldwide) in order to implement the tax treaty-related BEPS recommendations. The multilateral instrument was signed on 7 June 2017 and entered into force on 1 July 2018. The multilateral instrument enters into effect for a specific tax treaty at certain times after all parties to that treaty have ratified the multilateral instrument. The ratification documents requirement to implement the multilateral instrument in Ireland were deposited with the OECD on 29 June 2019 and came into effect in Ireland from 1 May 2019. The ability of the ICAV to rely on many of Ireland's double tax treaties with other jurisdictions may now be subject to a principal purpose test ('PPT'). The PPT denies treaty benefits where it is reasonable to conclude, having regard to all of the relevant facts and circumstances for this purpose, that obtaining that benefit was one of the principal purposes of any arrangement or transaction that resulted directly or indirectly in that benefit, unless it was established that granting that benefit in those circumstances would be in accordance with the object and purpose of the relevant provisions of the treaty.

7.29 FATCA

The United States and Ireland have entered into an intergovernmental agreement to implement FATCA (the "IGA"). Under the IGA, an entity classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (an

"FFI") that is treated as resident in Ireland is expected to provide the Irish Tax Authorities with certain information in respect of its "account" holders (i.e. Shareholders). The IGA further provides for the automatic reporting and exchange of information between the Irish Tax Authorities and the IRS in relation to accounts held in Irish FFIs by U.S. persons, and the reciprocal exchange of information regarding U.S. financial accounts held by Irish residents. Provided the ICAV complies with the requirements of the IGA and the Irish legislation, it should not be subject to FATCA withholding on any payments it receives and may not be required to withhold on payments which it makes.

Although the ICAV will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of the FATCA withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the ICAV will be able to satisfy these obligations. In order to satisfy its FATCA obligations, the ICAV will require certain information from investors in respect of their FATCA status. If the ICAV becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of the FATCA regime, the value of the Shares held by all Shareholders may be materially affected.

All prospective Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the possible FATCA implications of an investment in the ICAV.

7.30 CRS

Ireland provided for the implementation of CRS through section 891F of the TCA and the enactment of the Returns of Certain Information by Reporting Financial Institutions Regulations 2015 (the "CRS Regulations").

The CRS, which applies in Ireland since 1 January 2016, is a global OECD tax information exchange initiative which is aimed at encouraging a coordinated approach to disclosure of income earned by individuals and organisations.

The ICAV is a Reporting Financial Institution for CRS purposes and will be required to comply with the Irish CRS obligations. In order to satisfy its CRS obligations, the ICAV will require its Shareholders to provide certain information in respect of their tax residence and may, in some cases, require information in relation to the tax residence of the beneficial owners of the Shareholder. The ICAV, or a person appointed by the ICAV, will report the information required to the Irish Tax Authorities by 30 June in the year following the year of assessment for which a return is due. The Irish Tax Authorities will share the appropriate information with the relevant tax authorities in participating jurisdictions.

All prospective Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the possible CRS implications of an investment in the ICAV.

8 DIVIDEND POLICY

The dividend arrangements relating to each Fund will be decided by the Directors at the time of the creation of the relevant Fund and details are set out where applicable in the Supplement for the relevant Fund. Under the Instrument, the Directors are entitled to pay such dividends at such times as they think fit and as appear to be justified by the profits of the relevant Fund being the accumulated revenue (consisting of all revenue accrued including interest and dividends) and realised and unrealised capital gains on the disposal/valuation of investments and other funds less realised and unrealised accumulated capital losses of the relevant Fund.

Dividends not claimed within six years from their date of declaration will be forfeited and shall revert to the relevant Fund.

Dividends payable to Shareholders will be paid by telegraphic transfer. Payments by telegraphic transfer shall be made to the account in the name of the relevant Shareholder, and in the case of joint Shareholders to the first named joint Shareholder on the Register. Dividend bank drafts are posted at the risk of the Shareholders. The cost of all dividends relating to a Fund shall be borne by that Fund. Shareholders should note that any dividend income being paid out by a Fund and held in the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account shall remain an asset of the relevant Fund until such time as the income is released to the investor and during that time the investor will rank as a general unsecured creditor of the Fund.

Unless a Shareholder elects by notice in writing to the Administrator to receive payment of distributions in cash (such notice to be received at least 7 Business Days before the next relevant dividend date unless the ICAV otherwise agrees) dividends shall be reinvested by the ICAV on behalf of the Shareholder in payment for additional Shares of the same class in the relevant Fund in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{DxE}{F} = Z$$

where:

- **D** = the number of Shares held by the relevant Shareholder of the relevant class in the relevant Fund in issue at the opening of business on the Distribution Date for the relevant Fund as determined by the Directors.
- **E** = the cash amount of the dividend per Share of the relevant class in the relevant Fund less any stamp duty or similar charge payable on reinvestment.
- **F** = the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class in the relevant Fund determined as at a date as near as practicable to the Distribution Payment Date.
- **Z** = the number of additional Shares in the relevant class in the relevant Fund to be allotted to the reinvesting Shareholder

9 LIQUIDITY POLICY

The ICAV, in consultation with the relevant Investment Manager, employs an appropriate liquidity management system and has adopted procedures which enable it to monitor the liquidity risk of the ICAV and each Fund and to ensure that the liquidity profile of the investments of each Fund complies with its underlying obligations. The liquidity management system ensures that each Fund maintains a level of liquidity appropriate to their underlying obligations based on an assessment of the relative liquidity of the Fund's assets in the market, taking account of the time required for liquidation and the price or value at which those assets can be liquidated and their sensitivity to other market risks or factors. The ICAV, in consultation with the relevant Investment Manager, monitors the liquidity profile of the portfolio of assets having regard to the profile of the investor base of the Fund, the relative size of investments and the redemption terms to which these investments are subject. The ICAV, in consultation with the relevant Investment Manager, implements and maintains appropriate liquidity measurement arrangements and procedures to assess the quantitative and qualitative risks of positions and intended investments which have a material impact on the liquidity profile of the portfolio of the Fund's assets to enable their effects on the overall liquidity profile to be appropriately measured and considers and puts into effect the tools and arrangements necessary to manage the liquidity of the ICAV.

10 SHARE DEALING

10.1 General Information in respect of Applications for Shares

All applicants applying for the first time for Shares in the ICAV must complete the Application Form prescribed by the Directors. Application Forms and Dealing Forms may be obtained from the ICAV or the Administrator. Measures aimed at the prevention of money laundering may require an applicant to provide verification of identity to the ICAV and/or the Administrator. Details of these requirements are set out in the Application Form. Any amendment to an Application Form may only be effected upon receipt by the Administrator of an original written instruction signed by the authorised signatories on account.

The Directors may restrict or prevent the ownership of Shares by (i) any person, or persons in circumstances (whether directly or indirectly affecting such person or persons, connected or not, or any other circumstances appearing to the Directors to be relevant), which in the opinion of the Directors might result in the ICAV or the relevant Fund or its Shareholders incurring any liability to taxation or suffering other pecuniary, regulatory, legal or material administrative disadvantages or being in breach of any law or regulation which the ICAV or the relevant Fund or its Shareholders might not otherwise have incurred, suffered or breached; or (ii) any person who appears to be in breach of any law or requirement of any country or governmental authority or by virtue of which such person is not qualified to hold such Shares; or (iii) any United States Person (unless pursuant to an exemption under US securities laws); or (iv) any individual under the age of 18 (or such other age as the Directors think fit) or of unsound mind (such persons, firms or corporate bodies to be determined by the Directors being herein referred to as "Prohibited Persons").

Each applicant agrees in the Application Form to hold harmless and indemnify the ICAV and the Administrator and agrees to keep them indemnified against any direct or indirect loss of any nature whatsoever arising to it as a result of their acting upon or pursuant to electronic instructions or facsimile instructions reasonably believed in good faith to be genuine and to be signed by properly authorised persons. The Administrator may rely conclusively upon and shall incur no liability in respect of any action taken upon any notice, consent, request, instruction or other instrument reasonably believed in good faith by it to be genuine and to be signed by such properly authorised persons.

Joint applicants must each sign the Application Form unless an acceptable power of attorney or other written authority is provided.

As with other Irish companies limited by shares, the ICAV is required to maintain a register of Shareholders. The Directors have resolved that Shares in the Funds will be issued in dematerialised (or uncertificated) form and that the Funds will apply for admission for clearing and settlement through a clearing system.

10.2 Subscription of Shares

Investors can subscribe for their Shares (i) for cash; and/or (ii) in-kind, on the relevant Dealing Day (where appropriate and depending on the relevant Fund). Subscription proceeds (including subscription charge or Anti-Dilution Levy) should be paid into Subscriptions/Redemptions Account in the base currency of the share class. It may also be possible for investors to buy their Shares on the Secondary Market (as described below). The ICAV will not issue fractions of Shares. The details on the specific cash and in-kind subscription procedures are set out below under the headings "Cash Subscriptions and Redemptions" and "In-kind Subscriptions and Redemptions", respectively. A Preliminary Charge of up to 5% of the Initial Issue Price or the Net Asset Value per Share, as appropriate, may be charged by the ICAV for payment to the ICAV on the

issue of Shares. The amount of any Preliminary Charge or any Anti-Dilution Levy (if applicable), will be set out in the relevant Supplement.

It is envisaged by the Directors that investors will generally buy and sell their Shares through the Secondary Market (as set out below), given the nature of the Funds of the ICAV and the terms and conditions relating to the subscription and redemption of Shares other than on the Secondary Market.

Existing Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares by submitting an original Dealing Form or by fax provided that all ongoing anti-money laundering and client identification checks are complete. Applications made by fax will be at the risk of the applicant. The Directors have also decided that initial and subsequent subscription applications may be made by electronic or other means (provided that a duly completed Application Form is received for initial subscription applications and supporting documentation in relation to money laundering prevention checks are received promptly and where such electronic means are used they must be in a format and method as shall be agreed in advance with the Administrator and subject to and in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank).

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class in each Fund will be published in its respective Base Currency. Details of the Minimum Initial Investment Amount for each Fund will be set out in the relevant Supplement.

The Directors retain the right to offer only one Class of Shares for purchase by investors in any particular jurisdiction in order to conform to local law, custom or business practice. The Directors also reserve the right to adopt standards applicable to classes of investors or transactions that permit or require the purchase of a particular Class of Shares.

The Directors reserve the right to reject, in whole or in part, any application for Shares without assigning reason thereof.

Activities which may adversely affect the interests of the Shareholders (for example, activities that disrupt the ICAV's investment strategies or impact expenses for the ICAV) are not permitted. The Directors may, in their discretion, if they deem such activities adversely affect the interests of the Shareholders, take action (such as the rejection of applications) as appropriate to deter such activities.

Each applicant agrees in the Application Form to indemnify the ICAV and its delegates against any losses, damages, liabilities or reasonable costs arising directly from any non- delivery or late delivery of cash or the securities in respect of the applicant's subscription for Shares.

10.3 Redemption of Shares

Investors can redeem their Shares (i) for cash; and/or (ii) in-kind, on the relevant Dealing Day. It is also possible for investors to sell their Shares on the Secondary Market (as described below). The details on the specific cash and in-kind redemption procedures are set out below under the headings "Cash Subscriptions and Redemptions" and "In-kind Subscriptions and Redemptions", respectively. A Redemption Charge of up to 3% of the Net Asset Value per Share of a Fund may be charged by the ICAV. The amount of any Redemption Charge or any Anti-Dilution Levy (if applicable) will be set out in the relevant Supplement.

It is envisaged by the Directors that investors will generally buy and sell their Shares through the Secondary Market (as set out below), given the nature of the Funds of the ICAV and the terms and conditions relating to the subscription and redemption of Shares other than on the Secondary Market.

Details of the Minimum Redemption Amount for each Fund will be set out in the relevant Supplement. After the initial issues, Shares will be redeemed at the Net Asset Value per Share minus duties and charges as the (case may be) including any Redemption Charge.

Shareholders wishing to have all or some of their Shares redeemed by the ICAV may make an application for redemption in writing, by fax using a Dealing Form obtainable from the Website, provided that (i) payment shall be made to the account on record (any changes to the account on record may only be made upon receipt of original written instructions signed by the authorised signatories on the account) and (ii) an original Application Form has been received and all anti-money laundering and client identification checks are complete. The Directors may also permit such applications to be made by electronic means in such format and method as shall be agreed in advance with the Administrator and subject to and in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank. The ICAV and the Administrator shall not be liable for such delay or failure to process the application for redemption where the Shareholder fails or delays to provide such verification information. Applications must include details of the name of the Fund, Class of Share, the number of Shares or the amount the Shareholder wishes to have redeemed, the Shareholder's details, the Shareholder's account number and any other information required by the Dealing Form. Failure to provide any of this information may result in delay of the application for redemption whilst verification (which may be requested in writing) is sought from the Shareholder.

The payment of redemption proceeds will be made to the bank account detailed on the original Application Form or as may be subsequently notified to the Administrator in writing signed by the authorised signatories on the account.

Investors should note that any redemption proceeds being paid out by a Fund and held for any time in the Subscriptions/Redemptions Account shall remain an asset of the relevant Fund until such time as the proceeds are released to the investor. This would include, for example, cases where redemption proceeds are temporarily withheld pending the receipt of any outstanding identity verification documents as may be required by the ICAV or the Administrator – enhancing the need to address these issues promptly so that the proceeds may be released. It should also be noted that the investor shall have ceased being considered a Shareholder and instead will rank as a general unsecured creditor of the ICAV.

Such applications for redemption will be considered as binding and irrevocable by the ICAV on the Shareholders. Written confirmations may be required by the ICAV and must be duly signed by all registered holders, unless in the case of joint registered holders, each such holder has sole signing authority.

In no event shall applications for redemption be settled until the original Application Form has been received by the Administrator from the investor and all of the necessary anti-money laundering checks have been carried out.

The ICAV is entitled to limit the number of Shares of any Fund redeemed on any Dealing Day to Shares representing not more than 10% of the Net Asset Value of that Fund on that Dealing Day. In this event, the limitation will apply pro rata, so that all Shareholders wishing to redeem their shareholding in that Fund on the relevant Dealing Day will realise the same proportion of their redemption request. Shares not redeemed but which would otherwise have been redeemed, will be carried forward for redemption on the next Dealing Day and will be dealt with in priority (on a pro rata basis as detailed above) to redemption requests received subsequently. If requests for redemptions are so carried forward, the Administrator shall use best endeavours to inform Shareholders prior to such requests being carried forward.

The Instrument contains special provisions with respect to a redemption request received from a Shareholder which would result in Shares representing more than 5% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund being redeemed by the ICAV on any Dealing Day. In such a case the ICAV, at the discretion of the Directors (and with the Shareholder's consent, unless the original subscription was made in specie) may satisfy the redemption request in whole or in part by a distribution of investments of the relevant Fund in specie, provided that such a distribution would not be prejudicial to the interests of the remaining Shareholders of that Fund. The assets to be transferred shall be selected at the discretion of the Investment Manager, subject to the approval of the Depositary, and taken at their value used in determining the redemption price of the Shares being redeemed. Where a Shareholder requesting such redemption receives notice of the ICAV's intention to elect to satisfy the redemption request by such a distribution of assets, the Shareholder may require that the ICAV, instead of transferring those assets, arrange for their sale and the payment of the net proceeds of sale to that Shareholder.

10.4 Cash Subscriptions and Redemptions

An investor may subscribe for or redeem Shares for cash on each Dealing Day (except during any period in which the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended) as described below.

Applications for cash subscriptions or redemptions received by the Administrator on any Business Day before the relevant Dealing Deadline will be processed by the Administrator on that Business Day at the next calculated Net Asset Value per Share. Applications received after the Dealing Deadline for the relevant Dealing Day shall be deemed to have been received by the next Dealing Deadline save in exceptional circumstances where Directors may otherwise agree and provided that such applications are received prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day. For the avoidance of doubt the Minimum Initial Investment Amount and the Minimum Redemption Amount shall be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund and may be expressed by reference to a "Basket" and the cash equivalent of that Basket and the Directors may in their sole and absolute discretion accept applications for subscriptions and redemptions which represent a fraction of the relevant Basket. Applications for subscriptions will be irrevocable unless the Directors, or a delegatee, otherwise agree. If requested, the Directors may, in consultation with the AIFM and in agreement with the Administrator, in their absolute discretion, agree to designate additional Dealing Days and Valuation Points in respect of those Dealing Days for the purchase of Shares relating to any Fund which will be open to all Shareholders. Shareholders will be notified in advance of any such additional Dealing Days. Payment in respect of subscriptions must be received by the relevant Settlement Date. If payment in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the relevant Settlement Date, the Directors may cancel the allotment and/or the applicant may be charged interest. In addition, the Directors will have the right to sell all or part of the applicants holding of Shares in the relevant Fund or in any other Fund of the ICAV in order to meet these charges.

Shareholders wishing to subscribe for or redeem Shares must complete the Dealing Form. Application Forms and Dealing Forms may be obtained from the Website. Dealing Forms may be sent by fax at the risk of the applicant. Any changes to the account details will only be accepted by the Administrator in writing signed by authorised signatories on the account.

Payment for Shares redeemed will be effected by the Settlement Date as specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund (assuming the Shares have been transferred into the ICAV's account at a clearing system). Redemption payments will be made electronically to the bank account detailed on the original Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in writing.

10.5 In-kind Subscriptions and Redemptions

Investors may subscribe for Shares in-kind on each Dealing Day except during any period in which the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended. For the avoidance of doubt the Minimum Initial Investment Amount and the Minimum Redemption Amount shall be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund and may be expressed by reference to a "Basket" and the Directors may in their sole and absolute discretion accept applications for subscriptions and redemptions which represent a fraction of the relevant Basket. "In-kind" means that, rather than receiving cash in respect of a subscription and delivering cash proceeds in respect of a redemption, the Fund will receive securities or deliver securities in the case of a redemption (or predominantly securities) acceptable to the Investment Manager.

The ICAV will publish a file (the **"Portfolio Composition File"**) for the Funds setting out the form of assets or securities to be delivered (a) by Shareholders in the case of subscriptions; or, (b) by the ICAV in the case of redemptions, in return for Shares in the relevant Fund. Only securities or other assets which form part of the investment objective and policy of a Fund will be included in the Portfolio Composition File. The Portfolio Composition File for each of the Funds for each Dealing Day will be available upon request from the Investment Manager.

In addition, a report showing the portfolio holdings of the Fund will be published by the ICAV for each Dealing Day via the official Website www.FinExETF.com.

In the case of in-kind redemptions, the transfer of assets and securities by the ICAV will normally take place not later than 3 Business Days after Shares have been returned to the ICAV's

account at the relevant Clearing Agent.

The settlement of any in kind redemption may include the payment of a Redemption Dividend. The "Redemption Dividend" shall represent the accrued dividends related to a cash redemption or related to the securities transferred to a Shareholder in satisfaction of a valid in kind redemption request. Such a dividend will become due immediately prior to the redemption of the Shares and paid to the Shareholder as part of the (i) cash amount in the case of a cash redemption or (ii) the securities transferred in the case of an in kind redemption.

The value attributed to securities delivered in connection with in-kind subscription or redemption requests will be equivalent to that for cash subscriptions/redemptions, and no Shares shall be issued until all securities and cash payable to the Depositary (or a permitted collateral amount) are in the possession of, or properly credited to the account of, the Depositary.

(a) Applications for Subscription

Applications for in-kind subscriptions must be made to the Administrator on or prior to the relevant Dealing Deadline. Dealing Days, Dealing Deadlines and the relevant Minimum Initial Investment Amount and Minimum Additional Investment Amount relating to each Fund are specified in the relevant Supplement. Applications received after the Dealing Deadline for the relevant Dealing Day shall be deemed to have been received by the next Dealing Deadline save in exceptional circumstances where Directors may otherwise agree and provided that such applications are received prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day. Applications for subscriptions will be irrevocable unless the Directors, or a delegatee, otherwise agree. If requested, the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, agree to designate additional Dealing Days and Valuation Points in respect of those Dealing Days for the purchase of Shares relating to any Fund which will be open to all Shareholders. Shareholders will be notified in advance of any such additional Dealing Days. Except when the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share is suspended in accordance with "Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value" all applications for in-kind subscriptions will be binding and irrevocable. The Directors may in their sole discretion decide to reject any application for subscription in whole or in part.

Investors should note that they may be unable to subscribe for Shares via an Authorised Participant on days that any such Authorised Participant is not open for business.

(i) Settlement Period

As set out above, standard settlement period for in-kind subscriptions is generally three Business Days following the Dealing Day in respect of which the application for subscription is accepted, but this may vary depending upon the standard settlement periods of the different stock exchanges on which the shares are traded and the nature of the securities but shall not (in the absence of appropriate collateral being posted) in any event exceed ten Business Days from the relevant Dealing Deadline. No Shares will be issued to the applicant until all the securities being subscribed in kind have been received by the Depositary and any applicable Preliminary Charge and/or Anti-Dilution Levy have been received (as appropriate).

(ii) Failure to Deliver Assets or Securities

In the event that an applicant fails to deliver to the Depositary one or more of the assets or securities by the designated time, the ICAV may reject the application for subscription, cancel any allotted Shares, or may require the applicant to pay to it a collateral sum at least equal to 115% of the closing value of such undelivered securities as at the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day, marked to market until the date of delivery of such undelivered securities or the date on which the ICAV acquires such securities in the open market, plus any costs or expenses and, if applicable, taxes associated with the purchase by the ICAV of those securities or may require a letter of credit acceptable to it for such purpose. On the payment of such amounts, the Shares will be issued. In

the event that the actual cost to the ICAV of acquiring the securities (including costs or expenses and any taxes) exceeds the aggregate of the value of such securities as at the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day, any applicable Preliminary Charge, Anti-Dilution Levy or applicable taxes paid by the applicant, the applicant will be required to promptly reimburse the ICAV the difference on demand. The ICAV will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund (or any other Fund) in order to meet some or all of these charges.

(b) Applications for Redemption

Applications for in-kind redemptions of Shares must be made to the Administrator on or prior to the relevant Dealing Deadline in accordance with the specific procedures contained herein. Dealing Days, Dealing Deadlines and the relevant Minimum Redemption Amount relating to each Fund are specified in the relevant Supplement. Applications received after the Dealing Deadline for the relevant Dealing Day shall be deemed to have been received by the next Dealing Deadline save in exceptional circumstances where the Directors may otherwise agree and provided that such redemption requests are received prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day. Applications will be irrevocable unless the Directors otherwise agree. If requested, the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, agree to designate additional Dealing Days and Valuation Points in respect of those Dealing Days for the purchase of Shares relating to any Fund which will be open to all Shareholders. Shareholders will be notified in advance of any such additional Dealing Days.

No delivery instructions will be issued by the Administrator to the Depositary in relation to the assets, securities or cash until the Administrator has accepted the application for redemption in relation to all Shares being redeemed (such day, the "Cancellation Day") and the Administrator has confirmed receipt of the returned Shares in the relevant Fund. Delivery of securities will be on a free delivery settlement basis. The cost of any settlement, including but not limited to, by electronic transfer will be charged to and payable by the applicant for redemption.

Investors shall be able to redeem Shares via an Authorised Participant on such days as the Authorised Participant is open for business. All such redemptions shall be in accordance with the terms detailed under the heading "Redemption of Shares". Investors should note that they may be unable to redeem Shares via an Authorised Participant on days that any such Authorised Participant is not open for business.

(i) Settlement Period

The standard settlement period for in-kind redemptions is three Business Days following the Dealing Day in respect of which the application for redemption is accepted but may vary depending upon the standard settlement periods of the Relevant Stock Exchanges on which the Shares are traded and the in-kind securities. Any cash to be paid in respect of an in-kind redemption will be for value on the same day as settlement of the securities.

(ii) Partial Cash Settlement

The ICAV may, in its absolute discretion, satisfy part of the application for in-kind redemption in cash, for example in cases in which it believes that a security held by a Fund is unavailable for delivery or where it believes that an insufficient amount of that security is held for delivery to the applicant for redemption in-kind.

10.6 Form of the Shares and Register

The Administrator will maintain the register for the ICAV and will be responsible for the issue of Shares. Shares entered on the register of the ICAV will be in non-certificated form and share certificates will not be issued. The Shareholders' register is conclusive evidence of the ownership of such Shares. Registered Shares shall be issued without share certificates. The uncertified form enables the ICAV to effect redemption instructions without undue delay.

Generally, in the case of Funds, Shares will be issued in non-certificated form into the International Central Securities Depositaries. No physical shares will be issued into the ICSDs. This issuance of non-certificated shares into the ICSD will be subject to the issue of one or more Global Share Certificates, where required by the ICSDs in which the Shares are held. No individual certificates for Shares will be issued by the ICAV. The Global Share Certificate will be deposited with the relevant Common Depositary and registered in the name of the Common Depositary or the Common Depositary's Nominee. The Common Depositary (or the Common Depositary Nominee) will appear as the sole Shareholder on the Register in respect of such Shares. As a result, purchasers of Shares in the Funds will not be recorded as Shareholders on the Register but will hold a beneficial interest in such Shares.

Investors should note that, only the Common Depositary or the Common Depositary's Nominee, will be registered in the ICAV's Register and therefore appear as a Shareholder. Therefore investors will not be able to exercise the rights associated with being a Shareholder directly with the ICAV. Investor's rights in respect of Shares in the Funds will be governed by their agreement with their nominee, broker or International Central Securities Depositary, as appropriate

10.7 General Provisions

The Directors reserve the right to reject any application in whole or in part. Furthermore, the Directors reserve the right at any time, without notice, to discontinue the issue and sale of Shares of any Fund of the ICAV.

No Shares will be issued during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Fund is suspended pursuant to the Instrument and as discussed herein under "Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value".

Notice of any such suspension will be given to applicants for Shares and applications made or pending during such suspension may be withdrawn by notice in writing received by the ICAV prior to the end of such suspension. Applications which are not withdrawn will be considered on the first Dealing Day following the end of the suspension period.

10.8 Data Protection

Prospective investors should note that, by virtue of making an investment in the ICAV and the associated interactions with the ICAV and its affiliates and delegates (including completing the Application Form, and including the recording of electronic communications or phone calls where applicable), or by virtue of providing the ICAV with personal information on individuals connected with the investor (for example directors, trustees, employees, representatives, shareholders, investors, clients, beneficial owners or agents) such individuals will be providing the ICAV and its affiliates and delegates with certain personal information which constitutes personal data within the meaning of the Data Protection Legislation. The ICAV shall act as a data controller in respect of this personal data and its affiliates and delegates, such as the Administrator, the Investment Manager and the Distributor, may act as data processors (or joint data controllers in some circumstances).

The ICAV has prepared a document outlining the ICAV's data protection obligations and the data protection rights of individuals under the Data Protection Legislation (the "Privacy Notice").

All new investors shall receive a copy of the Privacy Notice as part of the process to subscribe for Shares in the ICAV and a copy of the Privacy Notice was sent to all existing investors in the ICAV that subscribed before the Data Protection Legislation came into effect.

The Privacy Notice contains information on the following matters in relation to data protection:

- that investors will provide the ICAV with certain personal information which constitutes personal data within the meaning of the Data Protection Legislation;
- a description of the purposes and legal basis for which the personal data may be used;
- details on the transmission of personal data, including (if applicable) to entities

- located outside the EEA:
- details of data protection measures taken by the ICAV;
- an outline of the various data protection rights of individuals as data subjects under the Data Protection Legislation;
- information on the ICAV 's policy for retention of personal data;
- contact details for further information on data protection matters.

Given the specific purposes for which the ICAV and its affiliates and delegates envisage using personal data, under the provisions of the Data Protection Legislation, it is not anticipated that investor consent will be required for such use. However, as outlined in the Privacy Notice, investors have the right to object to the processing of their data where the ICAV has considered this to be necessary for the purposes of its or a third party's legitimate interests.

10.9 Money Laundering and Countering Terrorist Financing Measures

Measures aimed at the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing will require a detailed verification of the investor's identity, address and source of funds and where applicable the beneficial owner on a risk sensitive basis and the ongoing monitoring of the business relationship with the ICAV.

By way of example, an individual will be required to produce a copy of a passport or identification card, which shows a photograph, signature and date of birth, duly certified by a public authority such as a notary public, the police or the ambassador in their country of residence, together with one item evidencing their address such as a utility bill or bank statement (not more than six months old). In the case of corporate applicants this may require production of certified copies of the certificate of incorporation (and any change of name) and of the memorandum and articles of association (or equivalent), a certified copy of the corporation's authorised signatory list, the names, occupations, dates of birth and residential and business addresses of all directors and beneficial owners (who may also be required to verify their identity as described above).

Politically exposed persons ("PEPs"), an individual who is or has, at any time in the preceding year, been entrusted with prominent public functions, and immediate family member, or persons known to be close associates of such persons, must also be identified.

Depending on the circumstances of each application, a detailed verification of source of funds might not be required where (i) the investor makes payment from an account held in the investor's name at a recognised financial intermediary or (ii) the application is made through a recognised intermediary. These exceptions will only apply if the financial institution or intermediary referred to above is located within a country recognised in Ireland as having equivalent anti-money laundering and counter terrorist financing regulations or satisfies other applicable conditions.

The Administrator and the ICAV each reserves the right to request such information as is necessary to verify the identity, address and source of funds of an investor. In the event of delay or failure by an investor or applicant to produce any information required for verification purposes, the Administrator or the ICAV may refuse to accept the application and subscription monies. The Administrator may also refuse to process redemption requests or pay redemption proceeds in such circumstances. Applicants should note that redemption proceeds will only be made to the account of record.

Each applicant for Shares acknowledges that the Administrator and the ICAV shall be held harmless against any loss arising as result of a failure to process his/her application for Shares or redemption request, if such information and documentation has been requested by the Administrator and has not been provided by the applicant. Furthermore the ICAV or the Administrator also reserve the right to refuse to make any redemption payment or distribution to a Shareholder if any of the Directors of the ICAV or the Administrator suspects or is advised that the payment of any redemption or distribution moneys to such Shareholder might result in a breach or violation of any applicable anti-money laundering or other laws or regulations by any person in any relevant jurisdiction, or such refusal is considered necessary or appropriate to ensure the compliance by the ICAV, its Directors or the Administrator with any such laws or regulations in any relevant jurisdiction.

10.10 Compulsory Redemption

The ICAV, in consultation with the AIFM, may compulsorily redeem all of the Shares of any Fund if the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund is less than the Minimum Fund Size (if any) specified in the relevant Supplement and in accordance with the terms of the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

The ICAV reserves the right to redeem any Shares which are or become owned, directly or indirectly by a Prohibited Person as set out under the heading "General Information in respect of Applications for Shares".

11 CONVERSION OF SHARES

Shareholders will be able to apply to convert on any Dealing Day all or part of their holding of Shares of any class in a Fund (the old class) into Shares of another class within the relevant Fund which are being offered at that time (the new class) provided that all the criteria for applying for Shares in the new class within the Fund have been met and by giving notice to the Administrator on behalf of the ICAV on or prior to the Dealing Deadline for the relevant Dealing Day. The general provisions and procedures relating to redemptions will apply equally to conversions. No conversion will be made, however, if it would result in the Shareholder holding a number of Shares of either the old class or the new class of a number or value which is less than the Minimum Shareholding for the relevant class of Shares.

The number of Shares of the new class to be issued will be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\frac{S = [R \times (RP \times ER)] - F}{SP}$$

where:

R = the number of Shares of the old class to be converted;

S = the number of Shares of the new class to be issued;

RP = the redemption price per Share of the old class on the relevant Dealing Day;

ER = in the case of a conversion of Shares designated in the same Base Currency is 1. In any other case it is the currency conversion factor determined by the Directors on the relevant Dealing Day as representing the effective rate of exchange applicable to the transfer of assets relating to the old and new classes of Shares after adjusting such rate as may be necessary to reflect the effective costs of making such transfer;

SP = the issue price per Share of the new class for issue on the applicable Dealing Day; and

F = the fee payable (if any) on the conversion of Shares.

The ICAV may charge a fee in connection with conversions. This fee shall be calculated as a percentage of the value of the Shares of the old class being converted which percentage shall not exceed two per cent of the Net Asset Value per Share of the new class for issue on the applicable Dealing Day (See F in the above formula).

When requesting the conversion of Shares of any class as an initial investment in a Fund, Shareholders should ensure that the value of the Shares converted is equal to or exceeds the Minimum Initial Investment Amount for the relevant new class of Shares in the relevant Fund as specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund hereof. In the case of a conversion of a partial holding only, the value of the remaining holding must also be at least equal to the Minimum Shareholding for the relevant old class of Shares in the relevant Fund.

Shares may not be converted from one class to another class during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund is suspended in the manner described under "Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value" below. Shareholders applying to have their Shares converted will be notified of such postponement or cancellation and unless withdrawn their conversion applications will be considered as of the next Dealing Day following the ending of such suspension.

12 SECONDARY MARKET

It is the intention of the ICAV for each of its Funds, through having its Shares listed on one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges. As part of those listings there is an obligation on one of more members of the Relevant Stock Exchange to act as market makers offering prices at which the Shares can be purchased or sold by investors. The spread between those purchase and sale prices may be monitored and regulated by the relevant stock exchange authority.

Unless otherwise stated in the Supplement for the relevant Fund, it is contemplated that application will be made to list the Shares of each Fund on one or more Relevant Stock Exchange(s). If the Directors decide to create additional Funds or Classes they may in their discretion apply for the Shares of such Funds to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange(s). For so long as the Shares of any Fund are listed on any Relevant Stock Exchange, the Fund shall endeavour to comply with the requirements of the Relevant Stock Exchange relating to those Shares. For the purposes of compliance with the national laws and regulations concerning the offering and/or listing of the Shares outside Ireland this document may have attached to it one or more documents setting out information relevant for the jurisdictions in which the Shares are offered for subscription.

The ICAV does not charge any transfer fee for purchases of Shares on the secondary market. Orders to buy Shares through the Relevant Stock Exchanges can be placed via a member firm or stockbroker. Such orders to buy Shares may incur costs over which the ICAV has no control.

The approval of any listing particulars pursuant to the listing requirements of the Relevant Stock Exchange does not constitute a warranty or representation by such Relevant Stock Exchange as to the competence of the service providers or as to the adequacy of information contained in the listing particulars or the suitability of the Shares for investment or for any other purpose.

Certain Authorised Participants who subscribe for Shares may act as market makers; other Authorised Participants are expected to subscribe for Shares in order to be able to offer to buy Shares from or sell Shares to their customers as part of their broker/dealer business. Through such Authorised Participants being able to subscribe for or redeem Shares, a liquid and efficient secondary market may develop over time on one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges as they meet secondary market demand for such Shares. Investors should be able to redeem Shares via an Authorised Participant on days that any such Authorised Participant is open for business and once such redemption complies with the redemption requirements set out above under "Applications for Redemption" above and will be subject to a maximum Redemption Charge of 3% (i.e. a maximum of 3% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares may be deducted from such investors redemption proceeds). Through the operation of such a secondary market, persons who are not Authorised Participants will be able to buy Shares from or sell Shares to other secondary market investors or market makers, broker/dealers, or other Authorised Participants at prices which should approximate, after currency conversion, the Net Asset Value of the Shares. Investors should be aware, however that on days other than Business Days or Dealing Days of a Fund when one or more markets are trading Shares but the underlying Market(s) on which the Reference Asset of the Fund are traded are closed, the spread between the quoted bid and offer prices in the Shares may widen and the difference between the market price of a Share and the last calculated Net Asset Value per Share may, after currency conversion, increase. Investors should also be aware that on such days the Reference Asset value would not necessarily be calculated and available for investors in making their investment decisions because prices of Reference Asset securities in the underlying Market(s) would not be available on such days. Nonetheless, one or more Relevant Stock Exchanges may provide a calculation of such Reference Asset based upon trading, if any, of such Reference Asset securities on marketplaces other than the underlying Market(s). The settlement of trades in Shares on Relevant Stock Exchanges will be through the facilities of one or more Recognised Clearing and Settlement Systems following applicable procedures which are available from the

Relevant Stock Exchanges. Further details of the Relevant Stock Exchanges for each Fund are set out in the relevant Supplement.

Intra-Day Portfolio Value ("iNAV")

The Investment Manager may at its discretion make available, or may designate other persons to make available on its behalf, on each Business Day, an intra-day portfolio value or "iNAV" for one or more Funds. If the Investment Manager makes such information available on any Business Day, the iNAV will be calculated based upon information available during the trading day or any portion of the trading day, and will ordinarily be based upon the current value of the assets/exposures of the Fund in effect on such Business Day, together with any cash amount in the Fund as at the previous Business Day. The Investment Manager will make available an iNAV if this is required by any Relevant Stock Exchange.

An iNAV is not, and should not be taken to be or relied on as being, the value of a Share or the price at which Shares may be subscribed for or redeemed or purchased or sold on any Relevant Stock Exchange. In particular, any iNAV provided for any Fund where the constituents of the Reference Asset are not actively traded during the time of publication of such iNAV may not reflect the true value of a Share, may be misleading and should not be relied on. The inability of the Investment Manager or its designee to provide an iNAV, on a real-time basis, or for any period of time, will not in itself result in a halt in the trading of the Shares on a Relevant Stock Exchange, which will be determined by the rules of the Relevant Stock Exchange in the circumstances. Investors should be aware that the calculation and reporting of any iNAV may reflect time delays in the receipt of the relevant constituent securities prices in comparison to other calculated values based upon the same constituent securities including, for example, the Reference Asset itself or the iNAV of other exchange traded funds based on the same Reference Asset. Investors interested in subscribing for or repurchasing Shares on a Relevant Stock Exchange should not rely solely on iNAV which is made available in making investment decisions, but should also consider other market information and relevant economic and other factors (including, where relevant, information regarding the Reference Asset, the relevant constituent securities and financial instruments based on the Reference Asset corresponding to the relevant Fund). None of the ICAV, the Directors, the Investment Manager, the Depositary, the Administrator, any Authorised Participant and the other service providers shall be liable to any person who relies on the iNAV.

13 CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The Net Asset Value of a Fund shall be expressed in the Base Currency of the relevant Fund and shall be calculated by the Administrator on each Dealing Day by ascertaining the value of the assets of the Fund and deducting from such amount the liabilities of the Fund on the Dealing Day.

The Net Asset Value per Share of each class shall be calculated on each Dealing Day by determining that proportion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund which is attributable to such class and dividing the resulting sum by the number of Shares in issue in such class on the relevant Dealing Day. The Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class is the resulting sum rounded to four decimal places of the unit of account of the relevant class(es)' currency.

The assets of a Fund shall be valued by reference to the close of business prices/values on the Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Dealing Day, unless specified otherwise in the Supplement for the relevant Fund, as follows:

- (a) any investment listed or dealt on a Recognised Exchange shall be calculated by reference to the last traded price as at the Valuation Point, provided that the value of any investment listed or traded on a Recognised Exchange but acquired or traded at a premium or at a discount outside or off the relevant Recognised Exchange may be valued taking into account the level of premium or discount as at the Valuation Point provided that the Depositary must ensure that the adoption of such a procedure is justifiable in the context of establishing the probable realisation value of the investment. Such premia or discounts thereon above shall be provided by an independent broker or market maker or if such premia/discounts are unavailable, by the Investment Manager;
- (b) if an investment is listed on several Recognised Exchanges, the last traded price as at the Valuation Point on the Recognised Exchange which in the opinion of the AIFM or its delegate, constitutes the main market for such investments will be used;
- (c) investments which are not listed or traded on a Recognised Exchange or which are listed or traded on a Recognised Exchange but in respect of which a last traded price is not available or in respect of which the available last traded price does not in the opinion of the AIFM, or of a competent person, firm or corporation appointed by the AIFM and who has been approved for the purpose by the Depositary, represent fair market value shall be valued at their probable realisation value estimated with care in good faith by (i) the AIFM or (ii) a competent person, firm or entity appointed by the AIFM and who has been approved for the purpose by the Depositary;
- (d) exchange traded derivative instruments dealt in on a Recognised Exchange shall be valued at the settlement price for such instruments on such market as at the Valuation Point provided that where such settlement price is not available for any reason as at a Valuation Point, such value shall be the probable realisation value estimated with care and in good faith by (i) the AIFM or (ii) a competent person, firm or entity appointed by the AIFM and who has been approved for the purpose by the Depositary. The value of any off-exchange traded derivative instruments shall be the valuation provided by the relevant counterparty at the Valuation Point and shall be valued weekly. The valuation shall be approved or verified at least monthly by a party independent of the counterparty appointed by the AIFM and who has been approved for this purpose by the Depositary (and who may be the Investment Manager). Alternatively, an over-the-counter derivative contract may be valued daily on the basis of a quotation from an independent pricing vendor with adequate means to perform the valuation or other competent person, firm or corporation (which may include the Investment Manager) selected by the AIFM and approved for the purpose by the Depositary. The AIFM shall be satisfied that (i) the counterparty will value the contract with reasonable accuracy and on a reliable basis; and (ii) the derivative can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at fair value, at any time at the initiative of the ICAV. The ICAV will not enter into the offexchange traded derivative instruments if the aforementioned conditions cannot be satisfied. Where this alternative valuation is used the AIFM or its delegate must follow

international best practice and adhere to the principles on such valuations established by bodies such as the International Organisation of Securities Commissions and the Alternative Investment Management Association. Any such alternative valuation must be reconciled to the counterparty valuation on a monthly basis. Where significant differences arise these must be promptly investigated and explained. Forward foreign exchange contracts which are dealt in on a Recognised Exchange shall be valued by reference to freely available market quotations provided that if such price is not available, shall be valued as per off-exchange traded derivative instruments;

- (e) units or shares in collective investment schemes shall be valued at the last available net asset value per unit or share as at the Valuation Point as advised by the collective investment scheme or its manager;
- (f) assets denominated in a currency other than in the Base Currency of a Fund shall be converted into that Base Currency at the rate (whether official or otherwise) which the AIFM or such competent person appointed by the AIFM and approved for such purpose by the Depositary deems appropriate in the circumstances;
- (g) the value of any investment which is a commodity, shall be determined by to reference to the price quoted by the market in question, or where no price is currently available or the current price does not, in the opinion of the AIFM or its delegate, represent fair market value, it shall be the probable realisation value thereof estimated with care and good faith by the AIFM or by a competent person appointed by the AIFM which may be an adviser to the ICAV, in each case approved for such purpose by the Depositary. In determining the probable realisation value of any such investment, a certified valuation thereof provided by a competent independent person, or in the absence of any independent person, the Investment Manager who in each case shall have been approved for such purposes by the Depositary, shall be sufficient.
- (h) the value of any cash in hand or on deposit, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued and not yet received as at the Valuation Point will be valued at its face value plus accrued interest, where applicable, as at the Valuation Point (unless in any case the AIFM or its delegate are of the opinion that the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full in which case the value thereof shall be arrived at after making such discount as the AIFM or its delegate may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof);
- (i) certificates of deposit, treasury bills, bank acceptances, trade bills and other negotiable investments should each be valued at each Valuation Point at the latest traded price on the market in which these investments are traded or admitted for trading (being the market which is the sole market or in the opinion of the AIFM or its delegate is the principal market on which the investments in question are quoted or dealt in) plus any interest accrued thereon from the date on which same were acquired. The value of any certificate of deposit or treasury bill which is not listed or admitted for trading shall be the probable realisation thereof estimated with care and good faith by the AIFM or another competent person appointed by the AIFM, provided that the AIFM or such other competent person has been approved for such purpose by the Depositary;
- (j) the AIFM or its delegate may, where a Fund is a money market type Fund use the amortised cost method of valuation in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank;
- (k) the AIFM or its delegate may, where a Fund invests in money market instruments, value those instruments using amortised cost, in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank;
- (I) the AIFM or its delegate may adjust the value of any investment if, having regard to its currency, marketability, applicable interest rates, anticipated rates of dividend, maturity, liquidity or any other relevant considerations, they consider that such adjustment is required to reflect the fair value thereof as at any Valuation Point; and

(m) if in any case a particular value is not ascertainable as provided from paragraphs (a) to (i) above or if the AIFM or its delegate shall consider that some other method of valuation better reflects the probable realisation value of the relevant investment, then in such case the method of valuation of the relevant investment shall be such as the AIFM or other competent person appointed by the AIFM shall determine, such method of valuation to be approved by the Depositary.

In valuing the assets of each Fund, the AIFM or its delegate may, in their sole discretion, permit any other method of valuation to be used if it considers that such method of valuation better reflects value and is in accordance with accepted accounting practice, provided that such alternative method of valuation is approved by the Depositary.

The AIFM has delegated to the Administrator the calculation of the Net Asset Value.

Notwithstanding the above provisions applicable to the rounding of calculations, in the case of a redemption application for the redemption of the entire Net Asset Value of a particular Share class, the Administrator will calculate a Net Asset Value per Share which rateably allocates the entire Net Asset Value of the Share class to the Shareholders making the redemption.

13.2 Suspension of Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Directors, in consultation with the AIFM, may at any time temporarily suspend the calculation of the Net Asset Value of any Fund and the issue, redemption and conversion of Shares and the payment of redemption proceeds during:

- (i) any period when any of the principal markets or stock exchanges on which a substantial portion of the investments of the relevant Fund from time to time are quoted is closed, otherwise than for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings thereon are restricted or suspended; or
- (ii) any period when, as a result of political, economic, military or monetary events or any circumstances outside the control, responsibility and power of the Directors, disposal or valuation of a substantial portion of the investments of the relevant Fund is not reasonably practicable without this being seriously detrimental to the interests of the Shareholders of the relevant Fund or if, in the opinion of the Directors the Net Asset Value of the Fund cannot be fairly calculated; or
- (iii) any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price of a substantial portion of any of the investments of the relevant Fund or when for any other reason the current prices on any market or stock exchange of any of the investments of the relevant Fund cannot be promptly and accurately ascertained; or
- (iv) any period during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments of the relevant Fund cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be effected at normal prices or rates of exchange; or
- any period during which the Directors are unable to repatriate funds required for the purpose of making payments due on redemption of Shares in the relevant Fund; or
- (vi) any period when the Directors consider it to be in the best interest of the ICAV. Where possible, all reasonable steps will be taken to bring any period of suspension to an end as soon as possible.

Any suspension in the calculation of the Net Asset Value will be notified to the Central Bank and to the Euronext Dublin immediately and in any event within the same working day on which such suspension occurs.

The Administrator shall be entitled, without verification, further enquiry or liability on the Administrator's part, to rely on pricing information in relation to specified investments held by

the relevant Fund which is provided by price sources set out in the ICAV's pricing policy agreed by the ICAV with the Administrator and/or this document or, in the absence of any such stipulated price sources, any price sources on which the Administrator may choose to rely (provided that, in such a case, the Administrator exercises reasonable care in its choice of sources upon which to rely). Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Administrator shall not be responsible or liable to any person for the valuation or pricing of any assets or liabilities of the ICAV (save as provided in the Services set out in the Administration Agreement) or for any inaccuracy, error or delay in pricing information supplied to the Administrator.

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Administrator shall not be responsible or liable to any person for the valuation or pricing of any assets or liabilities of the ICAV (save as provided for in the Administration Agreement) or for any inaccuracy, error or delay in pricing information supplied to the Administrator.

The Administrator will use reasonable endeavours to independently verify the price of any such assets or liabilities of the ICAV using its network of automated pricing services, brokers, market makers, intermediaries or other third parties.

In the absence of readily available independent pricing sources, the Administrator may rely solely upon any valuation or pricing information (including, without limitation, fair value pricing information) about any such assets or liabilities of the ICAV (including, without limitation, private equity investments) which is provided to it by: (i) the ICAV, (ii) the ICAV's Board of Directors (or other governing body) or the Investment Manager; and/or (iii) any valuer, third party valuation agent, intermediary or other third party which in each such case is appointed or authorised by the ICAV, the ICAV's Board of Directors (or other governing body) or the Investment Manager to provide valuations or pricing information of the ICAV's assets or liabilities to the Administrator.

13.3 Error in the Calculation of the Net Asset Value

Shareholders will be notified of and compensated out of the assets of the relevant Fund for any material error, as determined by the Directors in their absolute discretion, in the calculation of the Net Asset Value for the ICAV or relevant Fund.

14 CHARGES AND EXPENSES

A Preliminary Charge of up to 5 per cent of the Initial Issue Price (inclusive of VAT, if any) or the Net Asset Value per Share (inclusive of VAT, if any) as the case may be may be charged by the ICAV for payment on the issue of Shares to the relevant Distributor but it is the intention of the Directors that any such Preliminary Charge should not, until further notice, exceed such amount as is set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

The Directors may require a Shareholder to pay a Redemption Fee (as set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund, if any) in respect of each Share to be redeemed not exceeding 3% of the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class in the relevant Fund.

A conversion fee of up to 2% may be charged on applications to convert Shares of any class to Shares of another class.

Particulars of the fees (including performance fees, if any) payable to the Investment Manager, Administrator and the Depositary out of the assets of each Fund are set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

Each Director will be entitled to remuneration for his services as a director out of the assets of each Fund, provided however that the aggregate emoluments of each Director in respect of any twelve month Accounting period out of the assets of the ICAV shall not exceed €20,000 or such higher amount as may be approved by the board of Directors. In addition, the Directors will be entitled to be reimbursed for their reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred in discharging their duties as Directors.

(a) Total Expense Ratio ("TER")

The ICAV may pay the fees and expenses of each Fund which shall be expressed in the Supplement for each relevant Fund as a single flat fee, the TER. Fees and expenses paid out of the TER may include the fees and expenses of the AIFM, the Depositary, the Administrator, the Investment Manager, the Distributor, any sub distributor, subdepositary and any local agent (each of these service providers may waive all or a portion of the fee it receives for any investor) and any Administrative Expenses incurred by the Fund.

The TER is paid to the Distributor, and the Distributor is then responsible for the payment of all other operational expenses of the ICAV. This includes, but is not limited to, fees and expenses of the AIFM, the Investment Manager, Depositary, Administrator, Auditors, and Secretary.

(b) Exceptional Expenses

The ICAV shall be liable for Exceptional Expenses including, without limitation, expenses relating to litigation costs and any tax, levy, duty or similar charge imposed on the ICAV or its assets that would otherwise not qualify as ordinary expenses.

Exceptional Expenses are allocated across each Class of Shares, according to their respective assets.

(c) Miscellaneous Expenses

Miscellaneous Expenses include but are not limited to; ongoing organisation and registration costs; licence fees payable to licence holders of an index; expenses for legal and auditing services, expenses in relation to the calculation of any iNAV, stamp duties, all taxes and VAT, secretarial fees, any costs incurred in respect of meetings of Shareholders; marketing costs, investment transaction charges; costs incurred in respect of the distribution of income to Shareholders; any fees or expenses of any securities lending counterparty in respect of a Fund's security lending activities; the fees and expenses of any paying agent, clearing agent, settlement agent or representative appointed in compliance with the requirements of another jurisdiction; the fees and expenses of any consultant appointed to provide services to the ICAV, any amount

payable under indemnity provisions contained in the Instrument or any agreement with any appointee of the ICAV; cost of any proposed listings and maintaining such listings; all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of the Board of Directors; foreign registration fees and fees relating to the maintenance of such registrations including translation costs and local legal costs and other expenses due to supervisory authorities in various jurisdictions and local representatives' remunerations in foreign jurisdictions; insurance; interest; the costs of printing and distributing this Prospectus and any costs incurred as a result of periodic updates of this Prospectus or the relevant Supplement, reports, accounts and any explanatory memoranda, any necessary translation fees, any fees in respect of circulating details of the Net Asset Value and such other information which is required to be published in the different jurisdictions, or of a change in law or the introduction of any new law (including any costs incurred as a result of compliance with any applicable code, whether or not having the force of law) may also be paid out of the assets of the ICAV.

(d) Transaction Fees

Transaction Fees are any fees and expenses incurred in buying and selling securities or other investments held by a Fund, e.g., Transfer Taxes, brokerage costs and commissions and correspondence fees for transferring securities or investments or other interests, and custody transaction fees unless otherwise specified in the relevant Supplement.

Whilst it is anticipated that the TER borne by a Fund shall not exceed the TER set out in each relevant Supplement, during the life of the Fund such amounts may need to be increased from time to time. Any such increase will be subject to the prior approval of the Shareholders of the relevant Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

For the avoidance of doubt, details of the Preliminary Charge, Redemption Charge and any other charges including the Anti-Dilution Levy (if applicable) and the Exchange Charge payable on the exchange of Shares (if any) are set out in respect of the Shares of each Fund in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

15 PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Subject to the provisions of this section, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Administrator, the Depositary, the Distributor any Shareholder and any of their respective subsidiaries, affiliates, associates, agents or delegates ("Connected Persons" and each a "Connected Person") may contract or enter into any financial, banking or other transaction with one another or with the ICAV including, without limitation, investment by the ICAV in securities of a Shareholder or investment by any Connected Persons in any company or bodies any of whose investments form part of the assets comprised in any Fund or be interested in any such contract or transactions and in particular, without limitation, they may invest in and deal with Shares relating to any Fund or any property of the kind included in the property of the ICAV for their respective individual accounts or for the account of someone else.

In addition, any cash of the ICAV may be deposited, subject to the provisions of the Central Bank Acts 1942 to 1998 as amended by the Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland Acts 2003 to 2004 with any Connected Person (being a banker or other financial institution) and such banker or other financial institution shall allow interest thereon in accordance with normal banking practice for deposits at a rate not lower than the prevailing rate for deposits of a similar size and duration.

Any Connected Person may also deal as agent or principal in the sale or purchase of securities and other investments to or from the ICAV through or with any Connected Person. There will be no obligation on the part of any Connected Person to account to Shareholders for any benefits so arising and any such benefits may be retained by the relevant party, provided that such transactions are carried out as if effected on normal commercial terms negotiated at arm's length and are consistent with the best interests of Shareholders and

- (a) a certified valuation of such transaction by a person approved by the Depositary (or the Directors in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary) as independent and competent has been obtained; or
- (b) such transaction has been executed on best terms on an organised investment exchange under its rules; or
- (c) where (a) and (b) are not practicable such transaction has been executed on terms which the Depositary (or the Directors in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary) is satisfied conform with the principle that such transactions be carried out as if effected on normal commercial terms negotiated at arm's length and are consistent with the best interests of Shareholders.

The Investment Manager may also, in the course of its business, have potential conflicts of interest with the ICAV in circumstances other than those referred to above. The Investment Manager will, however, have regard in such event to its obligations under the Investment Management Agreement and, in particular, to its obligations to act in the best interests of the ICAV so far as practicable, having regard to its obligations to other clients when undertaking any investments where conflicts of interest may arise and will seek to resolve such conflicts fairly. In the event that a conflict of interest does arise the Investment Manager as the case may be will endeavour to ensure that such conflicts are resolved fairly.

The Investment Manager may subscribe for and deal in Shares in any Fund.

As the fees of the Investment Manager are indirectly based on the Net Asset Value of a Fund, if the Net Asset Value of a Fund increases so too do the fees payable to the Investment Manager. Accordingly, there is a conflict of interest for the Investment Manager in cases where the Investment Manager is responsible for determining the valuation price of a Fund's investments.

Soft Commissions

The Investment Manager, the Distributor, the Depositary, and the Administrator and any of their respective subsidiaries, affiliates, associates, agents or delegates ("Connected Persons" and each a "Connected Person") may effect transactions through the agency of another person with whom the Connected Persons have an arrangement under which that party will from time to time provide or procure for the Connected Persons goods services or other benefits such as research and advisory services computer hardware associated with specialised software or research services and performance measures etc., the nature of which is such that their provision shall assist in the provision of investment services to a Fund as a whole and may contribute to an improvement in a Fund's performance and that of any Connected Person in providing services to a Fund and for which no direct payment is made but instead the Connected Person undertakes to place business with that party. For the avoidance of doubt, such goods and services do not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods or services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employees' salaries or direct money payments. In any event the broker/counterparty will provide best execution of transactions and brokerage rates will not be in excess of customary institutional full-service brokerage rates. Details of any such soft commission arrangements will be disclosed in the periodic reports of the Funds.

16 TAXATION

16.1 General

The following statements on taxation are with regard to the law and practice in force in Ireland at the date of this document and do not constitute legal or tax advice to Shareholders or prospective Shareholders. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or proposed tax position prevailing at the time an investment in the ICAV is made will endure indefinitely, as the basis for and rates of taxation can fluctuate.

The following statements have been drafted on the basis that the ICAV is not, and does not intend to be, an Irish Real Estate Fund ("IREF") (as defined in Section 739K of the TCA). An investment undertaking or sub-fund of an investment undertaking in which 25% or more of the value of the assets at the end of the immediately preceding accounting period is derived from Irish real estate (or related assets), or an investment undertaking or sub-fund of an investment undertaking the main purpose of which, or one of the main purposes of which, is to acquire such assets will constitute an IREF and will be subject to specific tax rules. If the ICAV (including any of its sub-funds) was considered to be an IREF, there may be additional withholding tax arising on certain events, including distributions to Shareholders. In addition, purchasers of Shares may be obliged to withhold tax on the transfer of Shares and the ICAV will have additional certification and tax reporting obligations.

Prospective Shareholders should familiarise themselves with and, where appropriate, take advice on the laws and regulations (such as those relating to taxation and exchange controls) applicable to the subscription for, and the holding and redemption of, Shares in the places of their citizenship, residence and domicile.

The Directors recommend that Shareholders obtain tax advice from an appropriate source in relation to the tax liability arising from the holding of Shares in the ICAV and any investment returns from those Shares.

16.2 Ireland

(a) Taxation of the Company

The Directors have been advised that the ICAV is an investment undertaking within the meaning of section 739B TCA and therefore is not chargeable to Irish tax on its relevant income or relevant gains so long as the ICAV is resident for tax purposes in Ireland. The ICAV will be resident for tax purposes in Ireland if it is centrally managed and controlled in Ireland. It is intended that the Directors of the ICAV will conduct the affairs of the ICAV in a manner that will allow for this.

The income and capital gains received by the ICAV from securities issued in countries other than Ireland or assets located in countries other than Ireland may be subject to taxes including withholding tax in the countries where such income and gains arise. The ICAV may not be able to benefit from reduced rates of withholding tax by virtue of the double taxation treaties in operation between Ireland and other countries. The Directors will have sole discretion as to whether the ICAV will apply for such benefits and may decide not to apply for such benefits if they determine that it may be administratively burdensome, cost prohibitive or otherwise impractical.

In the event that the ICAV receives any repayment of withholding tax suffered, the Net Asset Value of the ICAV will not be restated and the benefit of any repayment will be allocated to the then existing Shareholders rateably at the time of repayment.

Notwithstanding the above, a charge to tax may arise for the ICAV in respect of Shareholders on the happening of a "Chargeable Event" in the ICAV.

A Chargeable Event includes for example:

- (i) any payment to a Shareholder by the ICAV in respect of their Shares;
- (ii) any transfer, cancellation, redemption or repurchase of Shares; and

(iii) any deemed disposal by a Shareholder of their Shares at the end of a "relevant period" (a "**Deemed Disposal**").

A "**relevant period**" is a period of 8 years beginning with the acquisition of Shares by a Shareholder and each subsequent period of 8 years beginning immediately after the preceding relevant period.

A Chargeable Event does not include for example:

- (iv) any transaction in relation to Shares held in a recognised clearing system irrespective of the status of the Shareholder holding the Shares;
- (v) any exchange by a Shareholder effected by way of a bargain made at arm's length by the ICAV, of Shares in the ICAV for other Shares in the ICAV;
- (vi) certain transfers of Shares between spouses or civil partners and former spouses or former civil partners;
- (vii) an exchange of Shares arising on a qualifying amalgamation or reconstruction of the ICAV with another Irish investment undertaking; or
- (viii) the cancellation of Shares in the ICAV arising from an exchange in relation to a scheme of amalgamation (as defined in section 739HATCA).

On the happening of a Chargeable Event, the ICAV shall be entitled to deduct the appropriate amount of tax on any payment made to a Shareholder in respect of the Chargeable Event. On the occurrence of a Chargeable Event where no payment is made by the ICAV to the Shareholder, the ICAV may appropriate or cancel the required number of Shares to meet the tax liability.

Where the Chargeable Event is a Deemed Disposal and the value of Shares held by Irish Resident Shareholders in the ICAV is less than 10% of the total value of Shares in the ICAV (or a sub-fund) and the ICAV has made an election to the Irish Tax Authorities to report annually certain details for each Irish Resident Shareholder, the ICAV will not be required to deduct the appropriate tax and the Irish Resident Shareholder (and not the ICAV) must pay the tax on the Deemed Disposal on a self-assessment basis. Credit is available against appropriate tax relating to the Chargeable Event for a relevant proportion of appropriate tax paid by the ICAV or the Shareholder on any previous Deemed Disposal. On the eventual disposal by the Shareholder of the Shares, a refund of any unutilised credit will be payable.

16.3 Taxation of Shareholders

(a) Non-Irish Resident Shareholders

Non-Irish Resident Shareholders will not be chargeable to Irish tax on the happening of a Chargeable Event provided that either:

- (i) the ICAV is in possession of a completed Relevant Declaration to the effect that the Shareholder is not an Irish Resident, or
- (ii) the ICAV is in possession of written notice of approval from the Irish Tax Authorities to the effect that the requirement to provide a Relevant Declaration is deemed to have been complied with in respect of that Shareholder and the written notice of approval has not been withdrawn by the Irish Tax Authorities.

If the ICAV is not in possession of a Relevant Declaration or the ICAV is in possession of information which would reasonably suggest that the Relevant Declaration is not or is no longer materially correct, the ICAV must deduct tax on the happening of a Chargeable Event in relation to such Shareholder. The tax deducted will generally not be refunded.

Intermediaries acting on behalf of non-Irish Resident Shareholders can claim the same exemption on behalf of the Shareholders for whom they are acting. The intermediary must complete a Relevant Declaration that it is acting on behalf of a non-Irish Resident Shareholder.

A non-Irish Resident corporate Shareholder which holds Shares directly or indirectly by or for a trading branch or agency of the Shareholder in Ireland, will be liable for Irish corporation tax on income from the Shares or gains made on the disposal of the Shares.

(b) Exempt Irish Investors

The ICAV is not required to deduct tax in respect of an Exempt Irish Investor so long as the ICAV is in possession of a completed Relevant Declaration from those persons and the ICAV has no reason to believe that the Relevant Declaration is materially incorrect. The Exempt Irish Investor must notify the ICAV if it ceases to be an Exempt Irish Investor. Exempt Irish Investors in respect of whom the ICAV is not in possession of a Relevant Declaration will be treated by the ICAV as if they are not Exempt Irish Investors

While the ICAV is not required to deduct tax in respect of Exempt Irish Investors, those Shareholders may themselves be liable to Irish tax on their income, profits and gains in relation to any sale, transfer, redemption, repurchase or cancellation of Shares or dividends or distributions or other payments in respect of their Shares depending on the circumstances. It is the obligation of the Exempt Irish Investor to account for tax to the Irish Tax Authorities.

(c) Irish Resident Shareholders

Irish Resident Shareholders (who are not Exempt Irish Investors) will be liable to tax on the happening of a Chargeable Event. Tax at the rate of 41% will be deducted by the ICAV on payments made to the Shareholder in relation to the shares or on the sale, transfer, Deemed Disposal (subject to the 10% threshold outlined above), cancellation, redemption or repurchase of Shares or the making of any other payment in respect of the Shares.

An Irish Resident Shareholder who is not a company and is not an Exempt Irish Investor will not be liable to any further income or capital gains tax in respect of any sale, transfer, Deemed Disposal, cancellation, redemption or repurchase, of Shares or the making of any other payment in respect of their Shares.

Where the Irish Resident Shareholder is a company which is not an Exempt Irish Investor, and the payment is not taxable as trading income under Schedule D Case I, the amount received will be treated as the net amount of an annual payment chargeable to tax under Schedule D Case IV from the gross amount of which income tax has been deducted at 25%.

Where the Irish Resident Shareholder is a company which is not an Exempt Irish Investor, and the payment is taxable as trading income under Schedule D Case I, the following provisions apply:

- (i) the amount received by the Shareholder is increased by any amount of tax deducted by the ICAV and will be treated as income of the Shareholder for the chargeable period in which the payment is made;
- (ii) where the payment is made on the sale, transfer, Deemed Disposal, cancellation, redemption or repurchase of Shares, such income will be reduced by the amount of consideration in money or money's worth given by the Shareholder for the acquisition of those Shares; and
- (iii) the amount of tax deducted by the ICAV will be set off against the Irish corporation tax assessable on the Shareholder in respect of the chargeable period in which the payment is made.

16.4 Personal Portfolio Investment Undertaking

An investment undertaking will be considered to be a personal portfolio investment undertaking (PPIU) in relation to a specific Irish Resident Shareholder where that Irish Resident Shareholder can influence the selection of some or all of the property of the undertaking. The undertaking will only be a PPIU in respect of those Irish Resident Shareholders who can influence the selection. A gain arising on a chargeable event in relation to a PPIU will be taxed at the rate of 60% (or 80% where details of the payment/disposal are not correctly included in the individual's tax return). An undertaking will not be considered to be a PPIU where certain conditions are complied with as set out in section 739BATCA.

16.5 Currency Gains

Where a currency gain is made by an Irish Resident Shareholder on the disposal of Shares, that Shareholder may be liable to capital gains tax in respect of any chargeable gain made on the disposal.

16.6 Stamp Duty

On the basis that the ICAV qualifies as an investment undertaking within the meaning of section 739B TCA, no Irish stamp duty will be payable on the subscription, transfer or redemption of Shares. The stamp duty implications for subscriptions for Shares or transfer or redemption of Shares in specie should be considered on a case by case basis.

16.7 Capital Acquisitions Tax

No Irish gift tax or inheritance tax (capital acquisitions tax) liability will arise on a gift or inheritance of Shares provided that:

- (a) at the date of the disposition the transferor of the Shares is neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Ireland, and, at the date of the gift or inheritance the transferee of the Shares is neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Ireland; and
- (b) the Shares are comprised in the gift or inheritance at the date of the gift or inheritance and at the valuation date.

16.8 Automatic Exchange of Information

Irish reporting financial institutions, which may include the Fund, may have reporting obligations in respect of certain investors under both FATCA and CRS (see below).

16.9 FATCA Implementation in Ireland

On 21 December 2012, the governments of Ireland and the U.S. signed the IGA.

The IGA significantly increases the amount of tax information automatically exchanged between Ireland and the U.S. It provides for the automatic reporting and exchange of information in relation to accounts held in Irish "financial institutions" by U.S. persons and the reciprocal exchange of information regarding U.S. financial accounts held by Irish Residents. The ICAV may be subject to these rules. Complying with such requirements may require the ICAV to request and obtain certain information and documentation from its Shareholders, other account holders and (where applicable) the beneficial owners of its Shareholders and to provide any information and documentation indicating direct or indirect ownership by U.S. Persons to the competent authorities in Ireland. Shareholders and other account holders may be required to comply with these requirements, and non-complying Shareholders may be subject to compulsory redemption and/ or U.S withholding tax of 30% on withholdable payments and/or other monetary penalties.

The IGA provides that Irish financial institutions will report to the Irish Tax Authorities in respect of U.S. account-holders and, in exchange, U.S. financial institutions will be required to report to the IRS in respect of any Irish-resident account-holders. The two tax authorities will then automatically exchange this information on an annual basis.

The ICAV (and/or any of its duly appointed agents) shall be entitled to require Shareholders to provide any information regarding their tax status, identity or residency in order to satisfy any reporting requirements which the ICAV may have as a result of the IGA or any legislation promulgated in connection with the IGA and Shareholders will be deemed, by their subscription for or holding of Shares to have authorised the automatic disclosure of such information by the ICAV or any other person to the relevant tax authorities.

16.10 OECD Common Reporting Standard

Ireland has provided for the implementation of CRS through section 891F and 891G of the TCA and the enactment of the CRS Regulations.

The CRS, which applies in Ireland since 1 January 2016, is a global OECD tax information exchange initiative which is aimed at encouraging a coordinated approach to disclosure of income earned by individuals and organisations.

Ireland and a number of other jurisdictions have entered or will enter into multilateral arrangements modelled on the Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information published by the OECD. From 1 January 2016, the ICAV may be required to provide certain information to the Irish Tax Authorities about investors resident or established in jurisdictions which are party to CRS arrangements.

The ICAV, or a person appointed by the ICAV, may request and obtain certain information in relation to the tax residence of its shareholders or "account holders" for CRS purposes and (where applicable) may request information in relation to the beneficial owners of any such account holders. The ICAV, or a person appointed by the ICAV, will report the information required to the Irish Tax Authorities by 30 June in the year following the year of assessment for which a return is due. The Irish Tax Authorities will share the appropriate information with the relevant tax authorities in participating jurisdictions.

16.11 Certain Irish Tax Definitions

(a) Residence – company (which includes any body corporate, including an ICAV)

Prior to Finance Act 2014, company residence was determined with regard to the long-established common law rules based on central management and control. These rules were significantly revised in Finance Act 2014 to provide that a company incorporated in the State will be regarded as resident for tax purposes in the State, unless it is treated as resident in a treaty partner country by virtue of a double taxation treaty. While the common law rule based on central management and control remains in place, it is subject to the statutory rule for determining company residence based on incorporation in the State set out in the revised section 23A TCA 1997.

The incorporation rule for determining the tax residence of a company incorporated in the State applies to companies incorporated on or after 1 January 2015. For companies incorporated in the State before this date, a transition period applied until 31 December 2020. The changes are relatively complex and we would recommend that any Irish incorporated company that considers it is not Irish tax resident seeks professional advice before asserting this in any tax declaration given to the ICAV

(b) Residence - Individual

The Irish tax year operates on a calendar year basis.

An individual will be regarded as being resident in Ireland for a tax year if that individual:

- (i) spends 183 days or more in Ireland in that tax year; or
- (ii) has a combined presence of 280 days in Ireland, taking into account the number of days spent in Ireland in that tax year together with the number of days spent in Ireland in the preceding tax year.

Presence in a tax year by an individual of not more than 30 days in Ireland will not be reckoned for the purpose of applying the two year test. Presence in Ireland for a day

means the personal presence of an individual at any point in time during the particular day in question.

(c) Ordinary Residence – Individual

The term "ordinary residence" as distinct from "residence", relates to a person's normal pattern of life and denotes residence in a place with some degree of continuity.

An individual who has been resident in Ireland for three consecutive tax years becomes ordinarily resident with effect from the commencement of the fourth tax year.

An individual who has been ordinarily resident in Ireland ceases to be ordinarily resident at the end of the third consecutive tax year in which that individual is not resident in Ireland. Thus, an individual who is resident and ordinarily resident in Ireland in 2023 will remain ordinarily resident in Ireland until the end of the tax year 2026.

(d) Intermediary

means a person who:

- (i) carries on a business which consists of, or includes, the receipt of payments from an investment undertaking on behalf of other persons; or
- (ii) holds shares in an investment undertaking on behalf of other persons.

17 REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS

The ICAV's year-end is 30 September, in each year. The annual report and audited accounts of the ICAV will be made available to Shareholders within four months after the conclusion of each accounting year and at least 21 days before the general meeting of the ICAV at which they are to be submitted for approval. The next annual report will be published within four months of 30 September 2020. The ICAV will also prepare unaudited semi-annual reports which will be made available to Shareholders within two months after 31 March in each year. The next semi-annual report will be published within two months of 31 March 2019.

Such reports and accounts will contain a statement of the Net Asset Value of each Fund and of the investments comprised therein as at the ICAV's year-end or the end of such semi-annual period and will be produced in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The Instrument, the audited financial statements and where available any historical performance of the ICAV may be obtained by any Shareholder.

The ICAV will periodically disclose to Shareholder the following:

- (a) the percentage of the ICAV's assets which are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature;
- (b) any new arrangements for managing the liquidity of the ICAV; and/or
- (c) the current risk profile of the ICAV and the risk management system employed by the ICAV to manage these risks.

The ICAV will also disclose on a regular basis (where relevant) the following:

- (a) any changes to the maximum level of leverage which the ICAV may employ on behalf of a relevant Fund as well as any right to re-use collateral or any guarantee granted under the leveraging arrangement;
- (b) the total amount of leverage employed by a relevant Fund.

18 FORM OF SHARES, SHARE CERTIFICATES AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

Shares will be issued in registered form. The Directors recommend that applicants do not request a certificate because the holding of Shares in certificated form can cause delays in payment of redemption proceeds. Purchase contract notes will normally be issued within 24 hours after the allocation of Shares. Shares do not carry any right of pre-emption.

Shares in each Fund will be transferable by instrument in writing signed by (or, in the case of a transfer by a body corporate, signed on behalf of or sealed by) the transferor. In the case of the death of one of joint Shareholders, the survivor or survivors will be the only person or persons recognised by the ICAV as having any title to or interest in the Shares registered in the names of such joint Shareholders.

Shares may not be transferred to a United States Person (unless permitted under certain exceptions under the laws of the United States) or to a minor or person of unsound mind. Registration of any transfer may be refused by the Directors if following the transfer:

- (a) either transferor or transferee would hold Shares having a value less than the Minimum Shareholding for the relevant class of Shares in the relevant Fund as specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund;
- (b) any payment of taxation remains outstanding; or
- (c) the transferee holds Shares with a value of less than the Minimum Initial Investment Amount for the relevant class of Shares in the relevant Fund as specified in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

19 NOTIFICATION OF PRICES

The Net Asset Value per Share of each class of Share in each Fund will be available on request from the Administrator and will be notified to the Euronext Dublin without delay following calculation. The Net Asset Value of each Share class will be published daily on the Website.

Each month, the ICAV shall publish on the Website for the benefit of Shareholders, a statement with explanatory notes of the details, specified below, whereby the moment of compilation must be at least one week apart. The statement shall contain at least the following information:

- (a) the total value of the investments of the ICAV;
- (b) the number of Shares in issue; and
- insofar as the Shares in the ICAV are redeemed at the Shareholders' request and redemption proceeds are paid directly out of the assets of the ICAV: the most recent NAV of the Shares, stating the moment at which the NAV was determined.

The Administrator shall also supply this information to Shareholders upon request, on payment of a fee not exceeding the cost price.

20 GENERAL INFORMATION

20.1 Incorporation and Share Capital

The ICAV was registered in Ireland under the Act, as an open ended umbrella ICAV with registered number C108592 on 13 July 2020.

At the date hereof, the authorised share capital of the ICAV is 1,000,000,000,000 shares of no par value initially designated as unclassified shares. The minimum issued share capital is €2 subscriber shares of €1 each (or its equivalent in any other currency) and the maximum issued share capital is €1,000,000,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency).

The unclassified shares are available for issue as Shares. The issue price is payable in full on acceptance.

20.2 Annual General Meetings

In accordance with section 89 of the ICAV Act, the Directors have elected to dispense with the holding of an annual general meeting of the ICAV in each financial year.

20.3 Instrument

Clause 4.1 of the Instrument provides that the sole object of the ICAV is the collective investment of its funds in property and giving members the benefit of the results of the management of its funds.

The Instrument contains provisions to the following effect:

- (a) **Directors' Authority to Allot Shares.** The Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised to exercise all powers of the ICAV to allot relevant securities, including fractions thereof, up to an amount equal to the authorised but as yet unissued share capital of the ICAV.
- (b) Variation of rights. Whenever the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class of Shares may be varied or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths in number of the issued Shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the Shares of the class, and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the ICAV is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up but such consent or sanction will not be required in the case of a variation, amendment or abrogation of the rights attached to any shares of any class if, in the view of the Directors, such variation, amendment or abrogation does not materially prejudice the interests of the relevant Shareholders or any of them.
- (c) Voting Rights. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of Shares, on a show of hands every holder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll every holder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Share of which he is the holder. Shareholders who hold a fraction of a Share may not exercise any voting rights, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, in respect of such fraction of a Share.
- (d) **Change in Share Capital.** The Directors may from time to time increase the share capital by such amount and/or number as the resolution may prescribe.

The Directors may from time to time and subject to any requirements of the Central Bank:

- i. redenominate the currency of any class of Shares;
- ii. consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into Shares of larger amount;
- iii. subdivide its Shares, or any of them, into Shares of smaller amount or value; or

iv. cancel any Shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and reduce the amount of its authorised share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled

Subject to any requirements of the Central Bank, the ICAV may redenominate the currency of any class of Shares, provided that the Shareholders in the relevant class have been notified of the change.

(e) Directors' Interests. Provided that the nature and extent of his interest shall be disclosed as set out below, no Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by their office from contracting with the ICAV nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of any other company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the ICAV for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

The nature of a Director's interest must be declared by him/her at the meeting of the Directors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, or if the Director was not at the date of that meeting interested in the proposed contract or arrangement at the next meeting of the Directors held after he became so interested, and in a case where the Director becomes interested in a contract or arrangement after it is made, at the first meeting of the Directors held after he becomes so interested.

A Director shall not vote at a meeting of the Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he/she has, directly or indirectly, an interest which is material (other than an interest arising by virtue of his interest in shares or other securities or otherwise in or through the ICAV) or a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the ICAV. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to any such resolution on which he/she is not entitled to vote.

A Director shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of any resolutions concerning any of the following matters, namely:-

- the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to him/her in respect of money lent by him to the ICAV or any of its subsidiary or associated companies or obligations incurred by him at the request of or for the benefit of the ICAV or any of its subsidiary or associated companies;
- ii. the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the ICAV or any of its subsidiary or associated companies for which the Director has assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
- iii. any proposal concerning any offer of shares or other securities of or by the ICAV or any of its subsidiary or associated companies for subscription, purchase or exchange in which offer the Director is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting thereof; or
- iv. any proposal concerning any other company in which the Director is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever.

The ICAV by ordinary resolution may suspend or relax the provisions of this clause to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this provision.

- (f) **Borrowing Powers.** Subject to the Act and the Regulations, the Directors may exercise (and may authorise the AIFM to exercise) all of the powers of the ICAV to borrow or raise money and to mortgage, pledge, charge or transfer its undertaking, property and assets (both present and future) and uncalled capital or any part thereof provided that all such borrowings and any such transfer of assets shall be within the limits laid down by the Central Bank.
- (g) **Retirement of Directors.** The Directors shall not be required to retire by rotation or by virtue of their attaining a certain age.
- (h) Directors' Remuneration. Unless and until otherwise determined from time to time by the ICAV in general meeting, the ordinary remuneration of each Director shall be determined from time to time by resolution of the Directors. Any Director who holds any executive office (including for this purpose the office of chairman or deputy chairman) or who serves on any committee, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine. The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees established by the Directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the Shareholders of any class of Shares of the ICAV or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.
- (i) Transfer of Shares. Subject to the restrictions set out below, the Shares of any holder may be transferred by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form, which the Directors may approve.

The Directors in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor may decline to register any transfer of Shares in the following circumstances:

- i. any transfer of a Share to a person who is not a Permitted Investor;
- ii. any transfer to or by a minor or person of unsound mind;
- iii. any transfer unless the transferee of such Shares would following such transfer be the holder of Shares with a value at the then current Subscription Price equal to or greater than the Minimum Initial Investment Amount;
- iv. any transfer in circumstances where as a result of such transfer the transferor or transferee would hold less than the Minimum Shareholding;
- v. any transfer in regard to which any payment of taxation remains outstanding;
- vi. any transfer to a person or entity who or which does not provide all necessary anti-money laundering / counter terrorist financing documentation or clear such anti-money laundering / counter terrorist financing checks as the Directors or their delegate may determine;
- vii. any transfer where the transferee has failed to provide the ICAV or its agent with any documentation reasonably required by the ICAV or its agent in respect of tax information exchange requirements;
- viii. any transfer where the transferee has failed to provide the ICAV or its agent with any documentation reasonably required by the ICAV or its agent;
- ix. any transfer to a person or entity who failed to provide the ICAV with a completed application form or who breached or falsified representations on subscription documents or failed to provide information requested by the ICAV or its agent; or
- x. any transfer which would result in a contravention of any provision of law (including any law that is for the time being in force in a country or territory other than the State);
- xi. in any other circumstances set out in the Prospectus.

The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless it is accompanied by the certificate for the Shares to which it relates (if issued), is in respect of one class of Share only, is in favour of not more than four transferees and is lodged

at the registered office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint

- (j) **Right of Redemption.** Shareholders have the right to request the ICAV to redeem their Shares in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.
- (k) **Dividends.** Under the Instrument, the Directors are entitled to declare dividends out of:
 - the accumulated net revenue (consisting of all revenue accrued including interest and dividends); and/or
 - ii. realised gains and unrealised capital gains on the disposal/valuation of Investments and other funds less realised and unrealised accumulated capital losses and expenses of the relevant Fund; and/or
 - iii. realised gains on the disposal/valuation of Investments and other funds net of realised and unrealised accumulated capital losses and expenses of the relevant Fund; and/or
 - iv. net income and realised gains on the disposal/valuation of Investments and other funds net of realised and unrealised accumulated capital losses and expenses of the relevant Fund; and/or
 - v. net income and realised and unrealised gains on the disposal/valuation of Investments and other funds net of realised and unrealised accumulated capital losses and expenses of the relevant Fund; and/or
 - vi. the capital of the relevant Fund.

Any dividend unclaimed for six years from the date of declaration of such dividend shall be forfeited and shall revert to the relevant Fund.

- (I) **Funds.** The Directors are required to establish a separate portfolio of assets for each Fund created by the ICAV from time to time, to which the following shall apply:
 - i. for each Fund the ICAV shall keep separate books and records in which all transactions relating to the relevant Fund shall be recorded and, in particular, the proceeds from the allotment and issue of Shares of each class of Shares in the Fund, and the investments and the liabilities and income and expenditure attributable thereto shall be applied to such Fund subject to the provisions of the Instrument:
 - ii. any asset derived from any other asset(s) (whether cash or otherwise) comprised in any Fund, shall be applied in the books and records of the ICAV to the same Fund as the asset from which it was derived and any increase or diminution in the value of such an asset shall be applied to the relevant Fund;
 - iii. no Shares will be issued on terms that entitle the Shareholders of any Fund to participate in the assets of the ICAV other than the assets (if any) of the Fund relating to such Shares. If the proceeds of the assets of the relevant Fund are not sufficient to fund the full redemption amount payable to each Shareholder for the relevant Fund, the proceeds of the relevant Fund will, subject to the terms for the relevant Fund, be distributed equally among each Shareholder of the relevant Fund pro rata to the net asset value of the Shares held by each Shareholder. If the realised net assets of any Fund are insufficient to pay any amounts due on the relevant Shares in full in accordance with the terms of the relevant Fund, the relevant Shareholders of that Fund will have no further right of payment in respect of such Shares or any claim against the ICAV, any other Fund or any assets of the ICAV in respect of any shortfall;
 - iv. in the event that there are any assets of the ICAV which the Directors do not consider are attributable to a particular Fund or Funds, the Directors shall, with the approval of the Depositary, allocate such assets to and among any one or more of the Funds in such manner and on such basis as they, in their discretion, deem fair and equitable; and the Directors shall have the power to and may at

- any time and from time to time, with the approval of the Depositary, vary the basis upon which such assets have been previously allocated;
- v. each Fund shall be charged with the liabilities, expenses, costs, charges or reserves of the ICAV in respect of or attributable to that Fund and any such liabilities, expenses, costs, charges or reserves of the ICAV not attributable to any particular Fund or Funds shall be allocated and charged by the Directors, with the approval of the Depositary, in such manner and on such basis as the Directors, in their sole and absolute discretion deem fair and equitable, and the Directors shall have the power to and may at any time and from time to time, with the approval of the Depositary, vary such basis including, where circumstances so permit, the re-allocation of such liabilities, expenses, costs, charges and reserves.
- (m) Fund Exchanges. Unless otherwise determined by the Directors and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Instrument of Incorporation and the Prospectus, a Shareholder holding Shares in any class in a Fund (the first class) on any Dealing Day shall have the right from time to time to exchange all or any of such Shares for Shares of the corresponding class in another class or Fund (the new class) (such class being either an existing class or a class agreed by the Directors to be brought into existence with effect from that Dealing Day) provided that all criteria for applying for the new shares have been met.
- (n) **Termination of Funds.** The ICAV or any Fund may be terminated and/or the Shares of a Fund (or any class of a Fund) may be redeemed by the Directors, in consultation with the AIFM, in their sole and absolute discretion, by notice in writing to the Depositary in any of the following events:
 - (i) by not less than 30 days' nor more than 60 days' notice to Shareholders if, within 90 days from the date of the Depositary serving notice of termination of the Depositary Agreement, another depositary acceptable to the ICAV and the Central Bank has not been appointed to act as depositary; or
 - (ii) if the ICAV or any Fund shall cease to be authorised or otherwise officially approved by the Central Bank; or
 - (iii) if a special resolution is passed by the Shareholders of a Fund and/or the ICAV; or
 - (iv) if any law shall be passed which renders it illegal or in the opinion of the Directors, impracticable or inadvisable to continue the ICAV or any Fund; or
 - (v) if there is any material change in the tax status of the ICAV or any Fund in Ireland or in any other jurisdiction (including any adverse tax ruling by the relevant authorities in Ireland or any jurisdiction affecting the ICAV or any Fund) which the Directors consider would result in material adverse consequences on the Shareholders and/or the Investments of the Fund; or
 - (vi) if the assets held in respect of a Fund are terminated or redeemed and the Directors determine that it is not commercially practical to reinvest the realisation proceeds of such assets in replacement assets on terms that will enable the relevant Fund achieve its investment objective and/or to comply with its investment policy; or
 - (vii) if the Directors shall have resolved that it is impracticable or inadvisable for a Fund to continue to operate having regard to prevailing market conditions and/or if the Directors consider that it is in the best interests of the Shareholders of the Fund or the ICAV; or

- (viii) if the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund is less than the Minimum Fund Size; or
- (ix) if there is a change in material aspects of the business or in the economic or political situation relating to a Fund and/or the ICAV which the Directors consider would have material adverse consequences on the Shareholders and/or the investments of the Fund and/or the ICAV.
- (o) Winding up. The Instrument contains provisions to the following effect:
 - If the ICAV shall be wound up the liquidator shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, apply the assets of each Fund in such manner and order as he thinks fit in satisfaction of creditors' claims relating to that Fund;
 - ii. The assets available for distribution amongst the Shareholders shall be applied as follows:
 - a. first the proportion of the assets in a Fund attributable to each class of Share shall be distributed to the holders of Shares in the relevant class in the proportion that the number of Shares held by each holder bears to the total number of Shares relating to each such class of Shares in issue as at the date of commencement to wind up; and
 - b. secondly, any balance then remaining and not attributable to any of the classes of Shares shall be apportioned pro-rata as between the classes of Shares based on the Net Asset Value attributable to each class of Shares as at the date of commencement to wind up and the amount so apportioned to a class shall be distributed to holders pro-rata to the number of Shares in that class of Shares held by them;
 - iii. A Fund may be wound up pursuant to section 37 of the Act and in such event the provisions reflected in this paragraph shall apply mutatis mutandis in respect of that Fund;
 - If the ICAV shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision iv. or by the court) the liquidator may, with the authority of a special resolution of the relevant holders and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the holders of Shares of any class or classes of a Fund in-kind the whole or any part of the assets of the ICAV relating to that Fund, and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of a single kind, and may for such purposes set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property, and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the holders of Shares or the holders of different classes of Shares as the case may be. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of holders as the liquidator, with the like authority, shall think fit, and the liquidation of the ICAV may be closed and the ICAV dissolved, but so that no holder shall be compelled to accept any assets in respect of which there is a liability. A Shareholder may require the liquidator instead of transferring any asset-in-kind to him/her, to arrange for a sale of the assets and for payment to the holder of the net proceeds of same..
- (p) **Share Qualification.** The Instrument does not contain a share qualification for Directors.

20.4 Litigation and Arbitration

Since incorporation, the ICAV has not been involved in any litigation or arbitration nor are the Directors aware of any pending or threatened litigation or arbitration.

20.5 Directors' Interests

(a) Simon Luhr is a Director of the ICAV and is also a partner of the Investment Manager.

- (b) At the date of this Prospectus, no Director has any interest, direct or indirect, in any assets which have been or are proposed to be acquired or disposed of by, or issued to, the ICAV and no Director is materially interested in any contract or arrangement subsisting at the date hereof which is unusual in its nature and conditions or significant in relation to the business of the ICAV.
- (c) At the date of this Prospectus none of the Directors nor any Person Closely Associated have any beneficial interest in the share capital of the ICAV or any options in respect of such capital.

20.6 Material Contracts

The following contracts have been entered into otherwise than in the ordinary course of the business intended to be carried on by the ICAV and are or may be material, details of any material contracts specific to a Fund will be contained in the Supplement for the relevant Fund:

- (a) The AIFM Agreement between the ICAV and the AIFM provides that the appointment of the AIFM will continue in force unless terminated by the ICAV by giving not less than ninety (90) days' written notice and by the AIFM by giving the AIFM not less than ninety (90) days' written notice although in certain circumstances (for example, the insolvency of any party) the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by either party to the other. The AIFM Agreement contains indemnities in favour of the AIFM other than in relation to matters arising by reason of wilful default, fraud or negligence in the performance by the AIFM, and its directors, officers and employees of its obligations or functions under the AIFM Agreement, provided that the AIFM shall not be liable for special, exemplary, indirect, punitive or consequential damages of any nature.
- (b) the Depositary Agreement between the ICAV, the AIFM, the Depositary and the Distributor provides that the appointment of the Depositary will continue unless and until terminated by any party giving not less than one hundred and eighty (180) days' prior written notice to each other party although in certain circumstances the Depositary Agreement may be terminated immediately. The Depositary Agreement contains certain indemnities in favour of the Depositary which are restricted to exclude matters arising by reason of the failure of the Depositary to satisfy its obligation of due skill, care and diligence as provided for under the Depositary Agreement or as result of the negligence, intentional failure or fraud of the Depositary or any of its agents or subcustodians or the failure of any agent to satisfy the same standard of care, or any loss for which the Depositary is liable under the AIFMD Requirements.
- the Investment Management Agreement between the AIFM, ICAV, the Investment Manager and the Distributor provides that the appointment of the Investment Manager will continue in force unless and until terminated by the AIFM giving not less than 30 days' written notice to the Investment Manager or by the Investment Manager giving not less than 90 days' written notice to the AIFM although in certain circumstances the Agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by either party; the Agreement contains certain indemnities in favour of the ICAV arising by reasons of the fraud, bad faith, negligence, wilful default or wilful misfeasance of the Investment Manager in the performance or non-performance of its duties;
- (d) the Global Distribution Agreement between the AIFM, the ICAV and the Distributor; this Agreement provide that the appointment of the Distributor will continue in force unless and until terminated by either party giving to the other not less than 90 days' notice in writing although in certain circumstances these Agreements may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by either party to the other: the Agreement contain certain indemnities in favour of the Distributor which are restricted to exclude matters arising by reason of the fraud, bad faith, wilful default or negligence on the part of the Distributor, its servants or agents; and
- (e) the Administration Agreement between the AIFM, the ICAV, the Administrator and the

Distributor provides that the appointment of the Administrator will begin on the effective date of the Administration Agreement for an initial term of three (3) years and will thereafter continue in effect indefinitely unless it is terminated pursuant to the balance of the termination provisions contained in the Administration Agreement and will renew automatically at the end of the initial term for one (1) year renewal terms unless one party gives the other parties written notice of non-renewal not less than ninety (90) days prior to the expiration of the initial term or the then-current renewal term, as applicable. Following the completion of the initial term the Administration Agreement will continue unless and until terminated by any party giving not less than one hundred and eighty (180) days' written notice. The parties may terminate the Administration Agreement on any of the other parties failing to reasonably cure a material breach of the Administration Agreement (if such breach is capable of being cured) within thirty (30) days after the service of written notice of the material breach. Notwithstanding this, subject to applicable law, no such thirty (30) day notice period shall be required in the event the relevant party is insolvent or has submitted a voluntary petition for administration or similar event. The parties may immediately terminate the Administration Agreement in the event of: (a) the winding up of or the appointment of an examiner or receiver or liquidator to any party or on the happening of a like event whether at the direction of an appropriate regulatory agency or court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise; or (b) a party no longer being permitted or able to perform its obligations under the Administration Agreement pursuant to applicable law or regulation or (c) any authorisation by the relevant authority of any party is revoked. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by the Administrator immediately based on the Administrator's reasonable opinion that the ICAV has violated its obligations pursuant to the Administration Agreement with respect to compliance with applicable laws.

The Administration Agreement provides inter alia that in the absence of wilful default, fraud or negligence on the part of the Administrator, the Administrator will not be liable to the ICAV for any loss incurred by the ICAV in connection with the performance by the Administrator of its obligations and duties under the Administration Agreement.

The Administration Agreement provides that the ICAV will indemnify the Administrator, its affiliates and its and their respective officers, directors, employees and representatives (each an "Indemnitee") for, and will defend and hold each Indemnitee harmless from, all losses, costs, damages and expenses (including reasonable legal fees) incurred by the Administrator or such person in any action or proceeding between the Administrator and the ICAV or between the Administrator and any third party (including any investor, any Authorised Participants or the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or any other competent regulatory, prosecuting, tax or governmental authority in any jurisdiction, domestic or foreign) arising from or in connection with the performance of the Administration Agreement (each referred to as a "Loss"), imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Administrator in connection with or arising out of: (i) the Administration Agreement, except any Loss resulting from the wilful default, fraud or negligence of the Administrator or any of its agents, in each case in connection with the services; (ii) any alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any offering document of the ICAV or arising out of or based upon any alleged omission to state a material fact required to be stated in any offering document or necessary to make the statements in any offering document not misleading, unless such statement or omission was made in reliance upon, and in conformity with, information furnished in writing to the ICAV by the Administrator specifically for use in the offering document; or (iii) any act or omission of the ICAV, its agents, or any data suppliers whose data, including records, reports and other information, including but not limited to information with respect to valuation and verification of assets, the Administrator must rely upon in performing its duties hereunder, or as a result of acting upon any instructions of the ICAV.

Please refer to the relevant Supplement for details of relevant material contracts in respect of a Fund.

20.7 Miscellaneous

Save as disclosed under "Directors' Interests" above, no Director has any interest in the promotion of or in any property acquired or proposed to be acquired by the ICAV.

Save as may result from the entry by the ICAV into the agreements listed under "Material Contracts" above or any other fees, commissions or expenses discharged, no amount or benefit has been paid or given or is intended to be paid or given to any promoter of the ICAV.

Save as disclosed in this Prospectus, no commissions, discounts, brokerages or other special terms have been paid or granted or are payable for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, for any Shares or loan capital of the ICAV.

20.8 Documents for Inspection

Copies of the following documents may be inspected at the registered office of the ICAV during usual business hours on weekdays, except Saturdays and public holidays:

- (a) the Prospectus of the ICAV;
- (b) the Supplements of the Funds;
- (c) the PRIIPs key investor document, as relevant;
- (d) the Instrument of the ICAV (copies may be obtained from the Administrator free of charge); and
- (e) the latest available annual report and the latest available semi-annual report for the ICAV (copies may be obtained from the Administrator free of charge).

20.9 Complaints

Shareholder complaints may be sent directly to the registered office of the ICAV or to the Central Bank itself.

20.10 Variation of Shareholder Rights

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Instrument of the ICAV, should the ICAV seek to vary the terms and conditions of Shareholders' holdings in the ICAV or in a Fund details of any such proposed amendment along with any notice requirements in respect of any required shareholder meeting shall be published in a national Dutch daily newspaper. The ICAV shall also request the Investment Manager to publish notice of such changes on the Website. The ICAV shall issue a shareholder circular to shareholders containing full details of the proposed amendments.

APPENDIX I

1 Markets

The exchanges/markets are set out below in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank, it being noted that the Central Bank does not issue a list of approved markets and exchanges.

The following are the list of stock exchanges and regulated markets on which the assets of the Funds of the ICAV may be invested. With the exception of permitted investments in unlisted securities and units of open-ended collective investment schemes, investments will be restricted to the following stock exchanges and regulated markets:

- (a) (i) any stock or commodity exchange which is:
 - located in any EU Member State (except Malta); or
 - located in an EEA Member State (except Liechtenstein); or
 - located in Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland, United States of America, the United Kingdom (at any time it is not a Member State); or
 - (ii) any stock exchange included in the following list:

Argentina	-	Bolsa de Comercio de Buenos Aires;
Brazil	-	Bolsa de Valores de Sao Paulo and Bolsa de Valores de Rio de Janeiro;
Channel Islands (Guernsey, Jersey, Isle of Man)	-	Channel Islands Stock Exchange;
Chile	-	Santiago Stock Exchange and Valparaiso Stock Exchange;
China	-	Shanghai Stock Exchange and Shenzhen Stock Exchange;
Colombia	-	Bolsa de Valores de Colombia;
Croatia	-	Zagreb Stock Exchange;
India	-	Mumbai Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange of India;
Indonesia	-	Jakarta Stock Exchange;
Israel	-	Tel Aviv Stock Exchange;
Kazakhstan	-	Kazakhstan Stock Exchange;
Malaysia	-	Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange;
Mexico	-	Bolsa Mexicana de Valores;
Pakistan	-	Lahore Stock Exchange;

Peru	-	Bolsa de Valores de Lima;
Philippines	-	Philippines Stock Exchange;
Qatar	-	Qatar Exchange ;
Russia	-	Open Joint Stock Company «Moscow Exchange MICEX-RTS», Closed joint-stock company «MICEX Stock Exchange»
Singapore	-	The Stock Exchange of Singapore;
South Africa	-	Johannesburg Stock Exchange;
South Korea	-	Korean Stock Exchange;
Sri Lanka	-	Colombo Stock Exchange;
Taiwan	-	Taipei Stock Exchange Corporation;
Thailand	-	The Stock Exchange of Thailand;
Turkey	-	Istanbul Stock Exchange;
United Kingdom	-	London Stock Exchange;
Uruguay	-	Montevideo Stock Exchange;
U.A.E.	-	Abu Dhabi Stock Exchange;
U.A.E.	-	Dubai Financial Markets;
U.A.E.	_	NASDAQ Dubai;

(iii) any of the following over-the-counter markets:

The market organised by the International Securities Market Association;

The (1) market conducted by banks and other institutions regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") and subject to the Inter-Professional Conduct provisions of the FCA's Market Conduct Sourcebook and (2) market in non-investment products which is subject to the guidance contained in the Non-Investment Products Code drawn up by the participants in the London market, including the FCA and the Bank of England;

The market in US government securities conducted by primary dealers regulated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and the US Securities and Exchange Commission;

The over-the-counter market in the United States conducted by primary and second dealers regulated by the Securities and Exchanges Commission and by the National Association of Securities Dealers (and by banking institutions regulated by the US Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve System or Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation);

The over-the-counter market in Japan regulated by the Securities Dealers Association of Japan;

The Over-the-Counter market in Canadian Government Bonds as regulated by the Investment Dealers Association of Canada;

The French market for **Titres de Creance Negotiable** (over-the-counter market in negotiable debt instruments);

AlM-the Alternative Investment Market in the UK regulated and operated by the London Stock Exchange;

(iv) any of the following electronic exchanges:

KOSDAQ; (Korea)

NASDAQ;

SESDAQ: (Singapore)

TAISDAQ/Gretai Markets; (Taiwan)

(b) In relation to any exchange traded financial derivatives contract, any exchange or market which is regulated, operates regularly, is recognised and open to the public and which is (i) located in a Member State or (ii) located in an EEA Member State or (iii) located in Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland, United States or the United Kingdom (at any time it is not a Member State) or (iv) the Channel Islands Stock Exchange or (v) listed at (a)(iv) above or (vi) any of the following:

The Chicago Board of Trade;

The Chicago Mercantile Exchange;

The Chicago Board Options Exchange;

OMLX, The London Securities and Derivatives Exchange;

New York Mercantile Exchange;

New York Board of Trade;

New Zealand Futures and Options Exchange;

Hong Kong Futures Exchange;

Osaka Securities Exchange;

Singapore Commodity Exchange;

Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange.

APPENDIX II – List of Sub-Delegates

COUNTRY/ MARKET	SUB-CUSTODIAN	
ARGENTINA	The branch of Citibank N.A in the Republic of Argentina	
AUSTRALIA	Citigroup Pty. Limited	
AUSTRIA	Citibank Europe plc	
BAHRAIN	Citibank N.A., Bahrain Branch	
BANGLADESH	Citibank, N.A., Bangladesh Branch	
BELGIUM	Citibank Europe plc	
BERMUDA	The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited	
BOTSWANA	Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited	
BRAZIL	Citibank N.A.,Brazilian Branch	
BULGARIA	Citibank Europe plc, Bulgaria Branch	
CANADA	Citibank Canada	
CHILE	Banco de Chile	
CHINA B Shanghai	Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch (For China B shares)	
China B Shenzen	Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch (For China B shares)	
China A Shares	Citibank China Co Ltd (China A shares)	
China Hong Kong Stock Connect	Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch	
COLOMBIA	Citibank Colombia S.A. Sociedad Fiduciaria	
COSTA RICA	Banco Nacional de Costa Rica	
CROATIA	Privedna Banka Zagreb d.d.	
CYPRUS	Citibank Europe plc., Greece Branch	
CZECH REPUBLIC	Citibank Europe plc., organizacni slozka	
DENMARK	Citibank Europe plc	
EGYPT	Citibank, N.A., Egypt	
ESTONIA	Swedbank AS	
EUROCLEAR	Euroclear Bank SA/NV	
FINLAND	Nordea Bank AB (publ), Finnish Branch	
FRANCE	Citibank Europe plc	
GERMANY	Citibank Europe plc	

GHANA	Standard Chartered Bank of Ghana Limited
GREECE	Citibank Europe plc, Greece Branch
HONG KONG	Citibank N.A., Hong Kong Branch
HUNGARY	Citibank Europe plc, Hungarian Branch Office
ICELAND	Islandsbanki hf
INDIA	Citibank, N.A., Mumbai Branch
INDONESIA	Citibank, N.A., Jakarta Branch
IRELAND	Citibank, N.A., London Branch
ISRAEL	Citibank, N.A., Israel Branch
ITALY	Citibank Europe plc
JAPAN	Citibank N.A., Tokyo Branch
JORDAN	Standard Chartered Bank Jordan Branch
KAZAKHSTAN	Citibank Kazakhstan Joint Stock Company
KENYA	Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited
KUWAIT	Citibank, N.A., Kuwait Branch
LATVIA	Swedbank AS, based in Estonia and acting through its Latvian branch, Swedbank AS
LITHUANIA	Swedbank AS, based in Estonia and acting through its Lithuanian branch,
LUXEMBOURG	Only offered through the ICSDs – Euroclear & Clearstream
MALAYSIA	Citibank Berhad
MALTA	Citibank is a direct member of Clearstream Banking, which is an ICSD
MAURITIUS	The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
MEXICO	Banco Nacional de Mexico, SA
MOROCCO	Citibank Maghreb S.A
NETHERLANDS	Citibank Europe plc
NEW ZEALAND	Citibank, N.A., New Zealand Branch
NIGERIA	Citibank Nigeria Limited
NORWAY	Citibank Europe plc
OMAN	The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G
PAKISTAN	Citibank, N.A.,Pakistan Branch
PANAMA	Citibank N.A., Panama Branch
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PERU	Citibank del Peru S.A		
PHILIPPINES	Citibank, N.A., Philippine Branch		
POLAND	Bank Handlowy w Warszawie SA		
PORTUGAL	Citibank Europe plc		
QATAR	The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Middle East Limited		
ROMANIA	Citibank Europe plc, Dublin –Romania Branch		
RUSSIA	AO Citibank		
SERBIA	UniCredit Bank Srbija a.d		
SINGAPORE	Citibank, N.A., Singapore Branch		
SLOVAK REPUBLIC	Citibank Europe plc pobocka zahranicnej banky		
SLOVENIA	UniCredit Banka Slovenia d.d Ljubljana		
SOUTH AFRICA	Citibank N.A., South Africa Branch		
SOUTH KOREA	Citibank Korea Inc		
SPAIN	Citibank Europe plc		
SRI LANKA	Citibank N.A. Colombo Branch		
SWEDEN	Citibank Europe plc, Sweden Branch		
SWITZERLAND	Citibank N.A., London Branch		
TAIWAN	Citibank Taiwan Limited		
TANZANIA	Standard Bank of South Africa acting through its affiliate Stabic Bank Tanzania Ltd		
THAILAND	Citibank N.A., Bangkok Branch		
TUNISIA	Union Internationale de Banques		
TURKEY	Citibank, A.S		
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES DFM	Citibank N.A., UAE		
UAE – Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange	Citibank N.A., UAE		
United Arab Emirates NASDAQ Dubai	Citibank N.A., UAE		
UNITED KINGDOM	Citibank N.A., London Branch		
UNITED STATES	Citibank N.A., New York offices		
URUGUAY	Banco Itau Uruguay S.A.		

VIETNAM	Citibank N.A., Hanoi Branc
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